BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR, ME., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 31, 1871. VOLUME XXXVIII—NUMBER 77.

BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

[illegible] Kenduskeag Bridge

[illegible] per Year,
[illegible] for Six Months
[illegible] Three Months
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

The Bangor Weekly Courier,

ISSUED EVERY TUESDAY
[illegible] DAILY WHIG AND COURIER at [illegible]

AGENCIES

[illegible] State St., Boston, [illegible] New York, are authorized Agents [illegible] Subscriptions for [illegible] Agent [illegible] Building, Court [illegible]

[illegible] must in all cases be paid in advance [illegible] subscription expires

Business Cards.

I. H. CLURGUE,
117 Exchange Street,
[illegible]
WIG-MAKER
—AND—
HAIR MANUFACTURER
[illegible] Switches [illegible] assortment [illegible] Fancy Goods mar8

P. ACKERMAN,
Fresco Painter
[illegible] Also House and Sign Painter and Imitation of Wood and Marble.
ROOMS IN SCHWARTZ'S BLOCK, Bangor [illegible]

O. W. SMITH
DEALER IN
[illegible] MEDICINES, FANCY GOODS, JEWELRY [illegible] Winn, Me [illegible]

GREENE & DANFORTH,
CIVIL ENGINEERS,
74 Middle Street, Portland, Me. 3m

FILES——FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen [illegible] and get [illegible]

1000 DOZEN FILES,

[illegible]

The Lowest Prices,

[illegible] equal to any imported [illegible]
OLD FILES RECUT as usual
JOB COLLETT,
[illegible] Exchange Street

GEO. F. GODFREY,
DEALER IN
DRY PINE LUMBER.

BLACK WALNUT,
[illegible] at the head of Harlow St [illegible] tf

W. T. HILLIARD,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
[illegible] Mercantile Bank, Hammond St
[illegible] (Times copy)

Special Notice

THE [illegible] of the late firm of E. & S. S. [illegible] thanks to his friends [illegible] patronage [illegible] attend to all [illegible] Wood or [illegible] Centre Street, Box 365
S. S. LOW.
[illegible] April [illegible]

JOHN FOSTER,
with Julius Jr. & Co.
[illegible] Importers and Dealers [illegible]
446 South Delaware Avenue
[illegible] PHILADELPHIA
THEODORE JULIUS Jr.

BANKRUPT NOTICE

THE Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and Bangor Weekly [illegible] have been designated as the official [illegible] of the publication of notices [illegible] Bankruptcy [illegible] act of July 14th 1870 of the [illegible] the payment of a dividend is not re[illegible] in bankruptcy to a dis[illegible] before January 1st
CHARLES HAMLIN
Register in Bankruptcy

To Owners of Horses.

THE HARNESS OIL SOAP can be obtained of
J. F. PATTEN,
No. 1, Granite Block

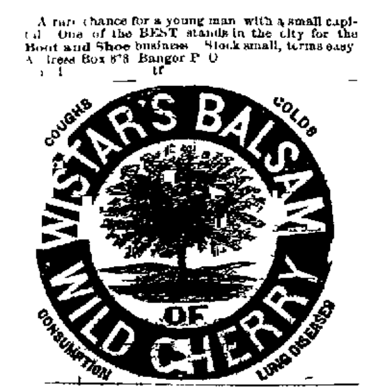
GILMAN,
TOWNSEND
and
COMPANY,
Cabinet Makers,
Manufacture
FURNITURE
AT
Morse & Co.'s Mills.
SALES ROOMS
—AT—
No. 9 GRANITE BLOCK.
Bangor, Nov 7, 1870

$20.00 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person taking the Daily Whig and Courier from the doors of our subscribers

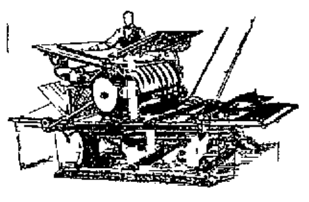
NOTICE

A rare chance for a young man with a small capital. One of the BEST stands in the city for the Boot and Shoe business. Stock small, terms easy. Address Box 878, Bangor P. O. tf



DRY AND GREEN
Hard Wood,
In the stick and prepared,
At FARRAR'S,
[illegible] BROAD STREET.
feb28 [illegible]

JOB
PRINTING!



THE BANGOR
DAILY
WHIG AND COURIER,
OFFICE,
Kenduskeag Bridge.
ALL KINDS
OF
PLAIN AND FANCY
Job Printing
EXECUTED
WITH NEATNESS
AND DISPATCH.

We have all the Facilities
FOR DOING
Job Work,
TO BE FOUND
THIS SIDE OF BOSTON,

And shall endeavor at all times to see that Work is promptly and faithfully done and hope to receive sufficient additional patronage to remunerate us for the large outlay and expense incurred to promote the

Comfort of our Customers,

And save them the trouble of climbing two or three flights of stairs to procure a job of Printing

WE INTEND TO KEEP UP
WITH THE MODERN
IMPROVEMENTS!
AND
Give our Customers as Good Work as can be Secured.

We have now in our Office, among other Material a
Babcock Steam Power Press,
Babcock Steam Power Half-Medium Jobber
Babcock Quarter-Medium Jobber,
Babcock Eighth Medium Card Press,
Gordon Franklin Card and Bill Head Press
Ruggles Rotary Card and Bill-Head Press,
Large and Small Hand Presses,
Ruggles Paper Cutter
Ruggles Rotary Card Cutter, &c. &c.,
And are constantly receiving

Additions of Type
FROM
Philadelphia, New York and Boston Foundries
We are Prepared to Execute in the Best Style,

MAMMOTH POSTERS,
HAND BILLS,
SHOP BILLS
PROGRAMMES,
CIRCULARS,
WAY BILLS,
BILL HEADS
BILLS OF FARE
LABELS OF ALL KINDS,
BANK CHECKS,
BANK BOOKS
BLANK NOTES,
BILLS OF LADING
INSURANCE BLANKS,
TOWN BLANKS,
SURVEYORS' BILLS,
WOOD BILLS,
MILK BILLS,
SCHOOL BILLS
INVOICES, &c

WEDDING, VISITING,
AND
BUSINESS CARDS
OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS AND QUALITIES,
As che[illegible]s any other establishment in this vicinity

Persons wishing for work in our line are invited to call, as we can suit them, both as to Style and Price

PRINTING DONE
WITH
Black, Blue, or Red Ink,
OR WITH
TWO OR MORE COLORS,
And particular attention paid to
BRONZE WORK.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.
No. 1,
[illegible]
Bangor.
[illegible]

At Cost.

The balance of our Ladies' Misses' and Children's Furs Wolf and Buffalo Robes at cost, also good bargains in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers at all times. Boots and Shoes repaired with neatness and dispatch.

Also Rubber Boots and Shoes neatly repaired, bring in your rubbers and have them repaired and save buying a new pair

42 MAIN STREET,
feb8 **J. A. CROWELL.**

PILES.

Many a person has suffered for years with Internal, Bleeding, External or Itching Piles and has tried over and over again for a remedy [illegible] but in vain. [illegible] things are changed [illegible] one of the most important [illegible] of the greatest benefit to mankind is Briggs's [illegible] Remedies which are warranted to cure Piles in every form [illegible] directions

FEET.

What is more annoying than Corns? What is more [illegible] than Bunions? What is more painful than [illegible] Nails? [illegible] victim answer [illegible] these torments can be immediately relieved and quickly cured with Dr. J. Briggs's Alleviator and Curative

LUNG

Diseases, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c.—The above complaints seem to be increasing in prevalence, and if not taken in time, may lead to that dreadful and fatal disease consumption. What criminality to neglect them when the result may be so terrible! Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer is a positive remedy for all diseases of the throat, lungs and chest—never failing when used in the morning of affliction

NEURALGIA

Headache, Neuralgia and Nervous Diseases [illegible] Dr. J. Briggs' Allevantor [illegible] unqualified success. Sold by B. F. Bradbury, W. [illegible] Mann, W. [illegible] H. H. Butler, J. F. Patten, Blish & Rowe [illegible] Druggists generally.
mar16 d&w 1y

CANNED GOODS,

Of all kinds,

jan4 AT DILLINGHAM'S.

CAUTION.—All genuine has the name "Peruvian Syrup," (NOT "Peruvian Bark,") blown in the glass. A 32-page pamphlet sent free. J. P. DINSMORE, Proprietor, 36 Dey St., New York. Sold by all Druggists

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS

R. H. EDDY,
SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,
For Inventions, Trade Marks or Designs
No. 76 State Street, opposite Kilby Street, Boston.

After an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years continues to secure patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Assignments and all papers for Patents executed on reasonable terms with dispatch. Researches made to determine the validity and utility of Patents [illegible] and legal and other advice rendered [illegible] touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

All [illegible] journey to Washington [illegible]

TESTIMONIALS

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most *capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.

CHARLES MASON, Commissioner of Patents."

I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they cannot employ a man *more competent and trustworthy* and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office
EDMUND BURKE
Late Commissioner of Patents

Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTY applications for Patents, having been successful in almost every case. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend all inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases and at very reasonable charges.
JOHN TAGGART
Boston, Jan 1, 1871. d&w3m

NEW HOTEL.

American House, Dover, Maine

HARVEY N. GREELY, Proprietor.

This modern House is located on Main, corner of Middle Streets, opposite Post Office. The "American House" is all new with New Furniture. Its apartments are equal and perhaps superior to any in the country. The table will be furnished with the best the market affords, and no pains will be spared to make this a quiet and comfortable home for all. Connected with the house is a fine HALL for Parties and Balls. Also Stable and Carriage House, BILLIARD ROOM, HAIR DRESSING ROOM, and SAMPLE ROOM. Free Carriages to and from the cars. Stages leave this House daily for all parts of the country.

Dwellers in the City are invited to try the AMERICAN for day or weekly board. Prices less than it costs to stay at home.
dec2 3taw

PARKS HOUSE.

ON EUROPEAN PLAN

187 Washington Street, Boston.

Good single rooms 75 cents and $1.00 a day. Bill of fare the lowest of any hotel in the city. ☞ Parties coming to Boston, will find the Parks House the most centrally located, quiet and orderly house in the city.

BOYNTON & CO., PROPRIETORS
nov1 1ufd&6m [illegible]

District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of CHAS. F. DOUGLAS, Bankrupt.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 21st day of March, 1871, by Chas. F. Douglas of Norridgewock, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition, It is ORDERED by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of September A. D. 1871, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt be held before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 9th day of May 1871, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier and the Somerset Reporter, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three weeks, and once in the Bangor Weekly Courier, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
mch23 eTh3w&w1t12

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of EPHRAIM COUSINS, Bankrupt.

This is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 21st day of March, 1871, by Ephraim Cousins of Oldtown, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition, It is ORDERED by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of July, A. D. 1871, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the second day of May 1871, and the third meeting of the same on the sixth day of June, 1871, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three weeks, and once in the Bangor Weekly Courier, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
mch23 eTh3w&w1t12

District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the matter of GEO. W. HOWARD, Bankrupt.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 21st day of March, 1871, by GEORGE W. HOWARD, of Greenbush, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, individually, and as surviving partner of the late firm—Wm. Howard & Son, and upon reading said petition, it is ORDERED by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1871, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, be held before CHAS. HAMLIN, Esq., Register, on the first day of May, 1871, and the third meeting of the same on the 5th day of June, 1871, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three weeks, and once in Bangor Weekly Courier, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
[illegible] eTh3w&w1t12

POULTRY.

I shall be able to furnish, the present season, Eggs from Silver Gray Dorking, Dark Brahma, Houdan and White Leghorn hens.

These hens are from imported stock, selected cocks from one strain and hens from another, to avoid degeneracy from in and in breeding.

Prices

Silver Gray Dorking,	$3 00 per dozen
Dark Brahma	5 00 per dozen
Houdan	5 00 per dozen
White Leghorn	3 00 per dozen

The fowls can be seen at my residence

PHILLIP COOMBS.
Bangor, March 6, 1871. d4w&w1m9

HENRY DISSTON & SON

MAKE THE BEST

TOOLS

FOR

Masons and Carpenter's

USE.

FOR SALE BY

Fogg & Bridges.

Bangor, March 10, 1871. d&w

COME AND SEE

The largest stock of

Pianos and Organs

ever in this market

Tuning and repairing done promptly and faithfully. Renting Music and Music Books on hand and receiving every week, all sold low. Also second hand pianos for $50 and upwards, at Masonic Building, MAIN ST., Bangor

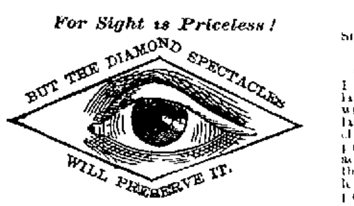
PATTEN & WHEELDEN

Blank Books

IN ALL FORMS at
mar3 DURIN'S BOOKSTORE

Money Cannot Buy It

For Sight is Priceless!



THE DIAMOND GLASSES,

Manufactured by J. E. SPENCER & CO., New York, which are now offered to the public are pronounced by all the celebrated Opticians of the World to be the MOST PERFECT, Natural, Artificial help to the human eye ever known.

They are ground under their own supervision, from minute Crystal Pebbles, melted together and derive their name, "Diamond," on account of their hardness and brilliancy.

The Scientific Principle on which they are constructed brings the core or centre of the lens directly in front of the eye, producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural healthy sight, and preventing all unpleasant sensations, such as glimmering and wavering of sight, dizziness, &c., peculiar to all others in use.

They are mounted in the finest manner, in frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose. Their finish and durability cannot be surpassed.

CAUTION.—None genuine unless bearing their trade mark <> stamped on every frame.

LOWELL & SPENCER,

Jewelers and Opticians, are Sole Agents for Bangor, Maine, from whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to Peddlers, at any price.
June 14, 1870.

Spring Styles

HATS & CAPS.

All the new and Nobby styles just received, and for sale cheap at

ARNOLD & SAWYER,

19 West Market Square,
mch10

April Magazines.

HARPER, GALAXY, SCRIBNER, GODEY, LESLIE'S GAZETTE, DEMOREST'S,

And other Magazines

mar22 D. BUGBEE & CO

Fancy Groceries,

OF ALL KINDS,

jan4 AT DILLINGHAM'S

A New, Wonderful and Useful Invention,

CALLED A

Tidal Power,

Has been discovered at the expense of many years study and experiment, which will revolutionize the method of obtaining power for driving machinery of all kinds.

Although this power is obtained from the rise and fall of the tides machinery can be driven at a long distance from the seat of power with this invention by means of a wire rope which is now in common use for similar purposes.

This Machinery is so simple and occupies so little room that it can be erected on any wharf and the expense of the Machinery very trifling compared to other power.

It will run for years without any expense and without any person to tend it, the power being continuously obtained night and day if desired, a common scow being sufficient to drive light machinery.

This power can easily and effectually be applied to ring Fog Bells, saving the Government thousands of dollars yearly, needing no attention after being once set in motion.

The principle by which a continuous motion of the Main Shaft is insured in a given direction, can also be applied to Sewing Machines and prevent the possibility of the machine changing to the troublesome backward motion which breaks the thread; by using this process on Sewing Machines, both hands of the operator are entirely at liberty to hold the work. Children can run them without trouble.

In manufacturing Sewing Machines for the future the Balance Wheels can be entirely dispensed with, consequently making a great saving in the manufacturing. This principle can be applied to every machine at a trifling cost.

The application of this principle can also be made to foot Lathes, the motion of the foot being hardly perceptible and more speed attained than with the crank. It also saves the motion of the body when propelling the machine, and favors the ankle.

The "Close Treadle" for Sewing Machines, constructed to embody the above named principle and capable of being applied to sewing machines of any size, kind, or shape, are now being manufactured, and in a few days may be seen, at the clothing store of E. O. Smart on Exchange Street, in operation attached to a sewing machine from the manufactory of B. P. Howe, successor to the late A. B. Howe, the originator of the "Improved Howe Sewing Machine."

A license to manufacture and sell ten thousand of the "Close Treadle" having been granted to A. E. Kimball, agent for the "Improved Howe Sewing Machine," he will immediately introduce them to this market through his agents, who will apply them to machines of any manufacture at prices so low that every person owning a Sewing Machine will be sure to have one.

It is a useful and valuable invention, and is worthy of the investigation of all scientific men.

Letters Patent were issued for this Invention, dated December 27th, 1870, obtained through the agency of Fred H. Coombs of this City.
Bangor, Jan. 27th, 1871

TOMATOES,

At Wholesale and Retail

jan4 AT DILLINGHAM'S.

District Court of the United States for the District of Maine.

IN BANKRUPTCY

In the matter of GEO. B. NORTON, Bankrupt.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 22d day of March, 1871, by GEORGE B. NORTON, of Lee, a Bankrupt, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition, It is ORDERED by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1871, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that the second meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt be held before CHAS. HAMLIN, Esq., Register, on the 1st day of May 1871, and the third meeting of the same on the 5th day of June 1871, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and the Piscataquis Observer, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three weeks, and once in Bangor Weekly Courier, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE,
Clerk of District Court for said District.
[illegible] eTh3w&w1t

Real Estate.

Rare Chance For Sale.

A Valuable Hotel Stand

IN SEARSPORT, ME.

The well known "SEARSPORT HOUSE," three stories high, finished in modern style, and containing 35 or more large and convenient rooms is now offered for sale. Attached is a stable nearly new, 40 by 70. Both House and Stable abundantly supplied with water. The Livery Stock, from 8 to 10 horses, carriages, harnesses, robes, &c., will also be sold.

This Hotel is the only Public House in the place, is situated in the centre part of Searsport at the head of Penobscot Bay, one of the most beautiful bays in the world for fishing and sailing, which renders Searsport a fine summer resort—one that has already become very popular with the traveling public and whose patronage is constantly increasing. Fine roads afford every facility for pleasure driving. Boston and Portland Steamers call here daily within six miles of railroad communications, with daily trains for Boston and Portland. One of the most desirable locations in Maine for the Hotel and Summer Trade. Sold on account of business in California demanding the Proprietor's immediate personal attention. If not disposed of at private sale prior to May 1st 1871, the property will be sold at public auction on the 10th day of May.

Full particulars as to terms of sale, &c., on application to the proprietor.

W. H. MATHEWS, Searsport, Me.
G. C. GRAY, Auctioneer, Searsport, Me.
mar10 tm 0

FOR SALE.

A GOOD TWO STORY HOUSE [illegible] State, No. 32 Kenduskeag Avenue. Lot [illegible] by 130 feet. The house is in first rate repair. For particulars apply to
J. D. WARREN, No. 1 Main Street
Or B. [illegible] LEWIS, 32 Kenduskeag Avenue mar1

To Let.

STORE No. 2 BROAD STREET
J. C. TOWLE & CO.
Feb [illegible] 1871 tf

TO LET.

STORE No. [illegible] Broad Street, Bangor, formerly occupied by NASH & PRESCOTT. Apply at
jan16 VEAZIE BANK

75,000 Acres

OF GOOD

Timber Land

For Sale at a Low Rate,

Situated on Moose River, in the town of Greig, Lewis County, New York

Said timber consisting of White Hemlock, Spruce, Pine and Hardwood. The subscribers own two large tanneries located on the aforesaid tract which will consume the hemlock bark, thus enabling the [illegible] to be purchased at a comparatively cheap rate. The timber is excellent in quality in all particulars. The aforesaid tract of land is easy of access, being only from six to fifteen miles from [illegible] the Black River R. R. and Black River Canal, which lead direct to the Albany [illegible]. The land is comparatively level, well watered and good for farming purposes. Moose River, which extends through the tract, is a large stream and empties into Black River, where the aforesaid Canal leads into Black River. At this point or junction of the rivers, is a fall of sixty (60) feet, over which the waters of both rivers flow, thus forming an unlimited water power (we might say right in the town and at the Depot) to which Moose River will carry the immense amount of timber from the aforesaid lands.

Any parties desiring to manufacture lumber will do well to give this rare opportunity their attention. The land and timber can be purchased at a cheap rate, or the timber alone [illegible]

For further particulars address,

C. J. LYON & CO.,
PORT LEYDEN
mar8 tf Lewis County, New York

For Rent.

No. 20 Main Street. One of the most [illegible] stores in the city, now undergoing repairs. Apply to
THOS. HERSEY [illegible]

For Sale and Rent,

SEVERAL HOUSES. Apply to A. L. SIMPSON, Esq., [illegible] No. 8 Wheelwright & Clark's Block.
mar1 [illegible] tf

EXTENSIVE

Mill Property

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE INVESTMENT

THAT well known SIMONDS SAW MILL, WHARVES and MILL POND, situate on the North side of Rodney Wharf in the City of Saint John, at the Ferry Landing. The ground includes half of Nelson Slip. The Pond and Wharves contain upwards of Seven Acres. The Mill is spacious and convenient, and in thorough working order, containing 2 GANGS, 2 Single Saws, 1 Edging, Carriages, 3 Cross Cutting do., 2 Lath and Paling Machines, 1 Clapboard and Saw Machine, 2 Sugar Box Shook Machines of the most approved description. There is ample room for the erection of any additional Machinery for other manufactories. Also, 30 BUILDING LOTS fronting on Rodney Wharf and Union Street.

The situation of the Property in the middle of the harbor, accessible at all times in summer and winter, affords advantages unequalled in the Province. The said Property has a Front on Rodney Wharf and Slip its entire length—about 1,000 feet. The Track of the Western Extension Railroad will at an early day be laid along the said wharf to its outer end at the public Ferry Landing.

The Subscriber intending to close his present business offers the above property on terms that will be found advantageous, and which can be ascertained on application at his office in Saint John. A large portion of the purchase money can remain upon security. If the above property is not disposed of before Wednesday 12th April next, it will, on that day, at noon, be offered at Public Auction on the premises.

JOHN ROBERTSON.
St. John, N. B., 11th March 1871
mar18 2w

FOR RENT.

A NEW BRICK STORE, on the corner of May and Front Streets. One of the most desirable stores in Bangor for a Meat Market and Ship Stores. Apply on the premises, to
mch17 STEPHEN CONY

House and Lot for Sale.

House situated on corner of Pond and Hayward Streets for sale on reasonable terms. Enquire of G. L. BOYNTON, No. 11 Central Street. mar11

HOUSE FOR SALE.

House No. 26 Kenduskeag Avenue, is offered for sale. Said house is a story and a half, with lot of land 115 feet on street, by 9 rods deep, well situated in a good neighborhood, has a large number of fruit trees of various kinds, good garden, unfailing water both hard and soft. Title perfect.
feb20 tf L. H. EATON

For Sale, in East Northport.

A house and L, 8 rooms, a good Stable, Well of never failing water, 1½ acre of land, with choice apple and plum trees in bearing order. The House is within 10 rods of Post Office and School House at Brown's Corner. Three miles from Steamboat Landing in Belfast, ½ mile from Camp Ground, and but a few roads from Knowlton's Cove which is a splendid place for sea bathing in the summer season.

This is a very desirable place for a summer resort. Terms liberal.

JAMES J. MAHONEY, Proprietor
mar22 3w

FOR SALE IN BREWER.

ONE AND ONE HALF STORY HOUSE situated on the corner of Holyoke and Washington Streets. Apply to CHARLES HALEY on the premises. mar14 3w*

LEAD AND OIL.

Three tons of PURE LEAD AND ZINC, and 1000 gallons of OIL, for sale at very low figures, by

B. F. BRADBURY.

Brushes! Brushes!

Painters and Masons will find all they want in my stock. The trade supplied on the most liberal terms by

B. F. BRADBURY.

Greens for Blinds!

Of the most elegant shades, with a very rare selection of Lakes and colors of all kinds, for fancy work [illegible]
[illegible] B. F. BRADBURY.

Notice.

The firm of [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the [illegible] will be settled by [illegible]
[illegible]

THE

CENTRAL RAILROAD,

OF IOWA,

have now built and equipped, in first class manner, about

180 MILES OF RAILROAD,

which will complete their entire line with the exception of laying the track on twenty five miles, which is already graded. They will thus open

THE FIRST THROUGH LINE ACROSS THE STATE

from north to south, and, by making a slight detour at one point, they will give

DIRECT COMMUNICATION BETWEEN ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL

This line of Railroad will have very special advantages for both local and through business, besides such superior railroad connections as will secure to it a large portion of the carrying trade of the great Northwest. The

First Mortgage

7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds

which are issued upon this road, are limited in amount to $16,000 per mile (while many roads issue from $20,000 to $40,000) and are offered at 90 and accrued interest in currency. About two millions and a half of these bonds have already been disposed of, leaving but a small balance unsold, which are being rapidly taken.

The most experienced financiers agree that **First Mortgage Bonds,** to a limited amount, **upon a finished railroad,** which is well located for business, are one of the very safest forms of investment.

Parties desiring to secure a first class security, based upon a railroad practically done and in the hands of leading capitalists who have a large pecuniary and business interest in its success, will do well to apply at the office of the Company, or any of its advertised agents, for a pamphlet and map showing the characteristics of the enterprise.

Holders of Government Bonds may exchange them for Central Iowas at a large present profit, beside a handsome increase of interest for a long term of years. Parties making such exchange will receive for each $1,000 Bond a $1,000 Central Iowa Bond and the following difference in cash (less the accrued interest in currency upon the latter bond) and in annual interest, this calculation being based upon market prices of March 1st, 1871.

			Difference in Exchange	Increase in annual interest upon investment
6s	81	Coupon	$48.25	2.54 per cent gold
5-20s	[illegible]	6 per cts	22 50	2 53
	64		21 25	2 4[illegible]
	65		21 [illegible]	[illegible]
	65	new	210 00	2 [illegible]7
	67		210 00	[illegible]
	68		215 00	2 30
10-40s			198 75	2 31

Subscriptions will be received in Bangor by

P. M. BLAKE,

of whom pamphlets and full information may be had.

W. B. SHATTUCK, Treasurer
32 Pine St., New York

BREWSTER, SWEET & CO.
40 State Street, Boston,
General Agents for these Bonds.

Governments and other marketable securities received in exchange at the highest market rates. We recommend these bonds as entirely safe as well as profitable.

BREWSTER, SWEET & CO.
feb8 d&w3m

Hinckley & Egery Iron Company

Corner of Oak and Washington Sts., Bangor

Manufacturers of light and Stationary and Portable Steam Engines and Boilers, Gang, Single, Muley and Circular Saw Mills, Clapboard, Shingle and Lath Machines, and other machinery for manufacturing lumber. Cast Iron Water Wheels, Shafting and Gearing, Bark Mills and Tannery Iron Work; all of the latest and most approved patterns.
Bangor, March 17th, 1871. mar18

April Magazines

RECEIVED [illegible] DURIN'S BOOKSTORE

Boys' and Youths'

CLOTHING

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Suitable for Boys from 3 to 15 years old

Call and see before purchasing elsewhere

ALSO

Our usual Assortment of Men's

JONES BROTHERS,

1 and 2 West End Kenduskeag Bridge
Bangor, May 10, 1870 tf

National House,

Harlow st., Bangor, Maine

JOHN STOCKMAN, - - - - Proprietor

THIS HOUSE, situated in the business part of the City, has been refitted and furnished and is now open for the traveling public.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE with attentive Ostler. Charges Moderate.

Passengers taken to and from cars and boats. Stages leave House daily for all parts of country.

JOHN STOCKMAN.
Bangor, Aug 30, 1870

Foxcroft Exchange,

FOXCROFT, ME.

The subscriber, formerly of Franklin House, has taken this new and comfortable Hotel and will spare no pains to make it in every respect exactly what the traveling public desire.

☞ Good Stable connected with the house.
may24 R. QUIMBY,

LYNDE HOTEL

ROCKLAND, MAINE,

G. A. LYNDE, - - Proprietor.

THE HOUSE has been erected the present season, on the corner of Park and Main Sts., Rockland, and is now open for the public patronage.

Clean beds, pleasant rooms, good fare, and careful attendance will be offered to the guests of this house, and no pains will be spared to make their stay agreeable. Nearly every room looks out upon the bay, and every room in the house is pleasant, thus affording to persons desirous of enjoying the sea breeze and spending the summer months, an opportunity to do so, without locating on an island, where they can enjoy the sea air and nothing else.

Have taken especial pains to prepare convenient sample rooms.

Carriages to take passengers to and from the house free of charge.

Good Livery Stable connected with the house, and good stable for transient horses.
aug3 tf

Important Notice

TO

Ship Owners.

AMERICAN LLOYDS OFFICE,
Burling Slip, New York,
Jan. 31, 1871

The Register for 1871 is now ready. The January Supplements will contain the introduction to the history of the "Register." In order to supply the demand for the Exposition, an extra edition will be printed and furnished gratuitously to all parties in possession of a book called the "Record," or a book called the "American Lloyds Universal."

HARTSHORN & KING.

The American Lloyds Register, being the acknowledged standard of American surveys of shipping, approved by underwriters generally, and adopted by the Peruvian Government as a standard for the selection of ships to carry Guano, also by the California Board of Underwriters and the West India Lloyds at Havana, &c., &c., it is important to owners to have their vessels surveyed and classed in its "Register." Having competent surveyors throughout the State of Maine, I am prepared to order or make surveys personally, of those apply, and to grant certificates under the "Standard Rules" issued by the Board. Also parties can be supplied with copies of this American Lloyds Register, for 1871, by sending their orders to me at the National Insurance Company, Bangor.

H. HERRIMAN,
Surveyor General A. L. for Maine.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly 1815.

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each week's continuance,	75
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☞ Advertisements where the time of insertion is not specially designated will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 10 cents per line each insertion, for solid matter and 15 cents per line for leaded.

SUMNER'S INDICTMENT QUASHED BY THE SENATE

The conclusion of the Senate proceedings on Wednesday having reached us too late for our Thursday's issue, we give the latter portion of the debate which resulted in the emphatic repudiation of Mr. Sumner's charges by a vote of 39 to 10.

At the conclusion of Mr. Schurz's speech, which is regarded as a very able effort, Mr. Morton replied with telling effect, to some of his arguments and was followed by Mr. Harlan, who addressed the Senate in reply to Senator Sumner's speech.

He had carefully read every line of the fifteen columns of that Senator's elaborate speech. The whole charge, the whole foundation for the grave arraignment of the President, was the single paragraph in the instructions to our naval commanders in the vicinity of Dominica directing them to preserve peace during the pendency of negotiations between Dominica and the United States. Not one belligerent act had been committed, not one gun fired, not one drop of blood shed.

Mr. Sumner here remarked that by his reading of the Constitution the war making power was conferred exclusively upon Congress. Senator Harlan must either admit the President had usurped this power or else blot out the records of the Navy Department. The fact that no blood had been shed in this unlawful despotism, did not lessen the enormity of its guilt.

Mr. Harlan said, we had always treated with the Indians as an independent nation and had carried on numerous wars against them, yet Congress never formally declared war against any of those Indian tribes. Then too the first battle of the Mexican war was fought before Congress took any notice of the condition of war between Mexico and the United States.

Mr. Thurman remarked that this [illegible] was because Mexico began the war.

Mr. Harlan said he [illegible] also heard of the bombardment of Japanese ports, six [illegible] years ago, by the combined naval forces of England, France and the United States, and [illegible] taken our share of the proceeds of that [illegible]. That was certainly an act of war, yet Congress had not declared it. But why had the Senator from Missouri and Senator from Massachusetts been silent? To all their wholesale denunciations of the San Domingo case what was the solution of it? The Senator from Missouri had shown it. He [illegible] puted General Grant to [illegible] soldier but a very poor [illegible]. [illegible] two Senators [illegible] Grant was a good soldier [illegible] President. [illegible] should be [illegible] But as a civilian they wanted to [illegible] the head of the President up in the country. They wanted to defeat his renomination and secure the Executive chair for one of themselves or their friends. Because a few [illegible] Postmasters in Missouri, friends of Senator Schurz, had been dismissed—

Mr. Schurz (interrupting) here stated with [illegible] and emphasis that this was the first time to his knowledge, that such an imputation of his motives had been attempted. He desired to say that the charge was absolutely unfounded. The Senator's (Harlan's) respect for human nature must be very meagre, when he believed a man holding the honored and responsible position of Senator of the United States, could be influenced in his official course by a motive so miserable. (Murmurs of approval in the galleries.)

Mr. Harlan replied that he had not stated his conclusions upon the premises he was laying down when he was interrupted and the Senator from Mo. had too hastily jumped to the conclusion that the integrity of his motive were assailed. But why did the Senator deny such a charge in advance of its being made?

Mr. Schurz—Does the Senator pretend that his conclusion was not that which I have stated?—If he wants to crawl out of it I will give him opportunity.

Vice President—The Chair desires to say to the Senator from Missouri that to impute to a member a desire to crawl out of a statement is not parliamentary.

Mr. Schurz was understood to say he cheerfully submitted to the judgment of the Chair.

Mr. Harlan preferred the Senator should use the language best suited to his taste. He had not charged that the Senator's judgment was intentionally warped by such considerations. But the point he was about making was that the country had a right to judge of the sincerity of the Senator's course and determine itself how far he was influenced by selfish motives.

Mr. Harlan then read from Mr. Sumner's speech characterizing President Grant as the head of a Dominican Ku Klux, during which Mr. Sumner exclaimed approvingly, "That is so."

Senator Sumner had described the President as worse than the Democratic Ku Klux who assassinated under cover of night and to devise some means for whose suppression Congress was now staying here for days and weeks, yet the Senator called himself a friend of the administration. Admitting the Senator's case to be made out, the whole burden of President Grant's offense was that he would not permit the black Republic of Hayti to cut the the throats of Dominicans during the progress of treaty negotiations with the United States. Was there any crime in this?

Mr. Sherman (aside) Has any one complained of it?

Mr. Sumner to Mr. Sherman—I can answer that.

Mr. Harlan denied that any one had complained except, perhaps, Cabral. Referring to the precedents which had been cited for the President's action he held that in the case of Texas a solemn promise had been given to the Texan Republic, that the moment they signed the treaty and before it was ratified, they should be protected by the United States. Mr. Calhoun, though poor authority on a question of State rights, was a very able man and his spirit was to day the very soul of the Democratic party, and Mr. Calhoun's argument on the despatch to Mexico (already quoted), was that we had such an inchoate right. We would not permit Texas to be invaded while negotiations were pending. Mr. Harlan contended that there was no escape from this position and that the argument on this point was conclusive. He then quoted from "Benton's 30 years," on the point and concluded by moving to lay the resolutions of Mr. Sumner on the table.

Mr. Sumner—I hope the Senator will allow me an opportunity of being heard in reply.

Several Senators—Question! question!

The Vice-President having stated the motion and asked the Senator from Iowa (Harlan) whether he insisted upon it.

Mr. Harlan—I must insist on the motion. The Honorable Senator (Sumner) has been heard all the way through my speech. I have not objected to his presenting any questions and I have attempted to answer all he has put.

Renewed calls for the question by Messrs. Conkling, Edmunds, and others, during which Mr. Sumner strove to get the floor and continued to address the chair.

Mr. Sumner—The Senator knows—

Vice-President—The motion is not debatable. The Senator from Iowa insists upon it and has [illegible]. The question must be decided by the Senate.

The question being then put, the Chair declared that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. Sumner—I call for the yeas and nays.

Mr. Edmunds—Yes, let us have the yeas and nays by all means.

The yeas and nays were then ordered and the Secretary being directed by the Vice President to call the roll promptly called the name of Mr. Ames, who answered in the affirmative.

Mr. Thurman—Mr. President—

Several Senators—Question, question.

Mr. Thurman—I ask consent to put one question—(cries of no, no.)

Mr. Sherman—I object.

The Vice President then rapped to order with his gavel, but above the noise and confusion Mr. Thurman's voice could be indistinctly heard. He wanted to know if there ever was a case in the Senate before where the mover of a resolution was not allowed to close debate upon it.

Mr. Conkling objected to Mr. Thurman proceeding.

Vice President—The rules prohibit debate on this motion.

Mr. Sumner—Well—Mr. President.

Vice President—The Senator from Mass. is out of order. Objection has been made by several Senators to any debate; the roll call has commenced, and the Senator from Mass. has answered to his name.

Mr. Sumner (still on his feet) I did not know that the Senator——

Mr. Edmunds—I object to debate of any kind.

Mr. Sumner—(repeating) I did not know—

Vice President—The Senator from Mass. is aware of the rule, and the Chair trusts the Senator will not inflict upon the Chair the painful duty of reminding him of it.

Mr. Sumner—Not at all. I did not know but that the Senator might withdraw his motion.

Mr. Conkling—(interrupting) I object to this.

Vice President—The Chair asked the Senator from Iowa expressly whether he would withdraw the motion and he said he would not. He said this to the Chair in the hearing of the Senator from Mass. The roll call will be resumed.

The clerk then proceeded with the roll call when Mr. Harlan's motion to lay on the table was carried—Ayes [illegible] Nays 1[illegible]

The vote in detail was as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ames, Anthony, Boreman, Brownlow, Buckingham, Cameron, Chandler, Clayton, Cole, Conkling, Corbett, Cragin, Edmunds, Ferry of Michigan, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Hamilton of Texas, Hamlin, Harlan, Hill, Hitchcock, Howe, Kellogg, Morton, [illegible] Osborn, Pomeroy, Pool, Pratt, Ramsey, [illegible] Sawyer, Sherman, Sprague, Stewart, [illegible] bull, West, Windom and Wright—[illegible]

Nays—Messrs. Blair, Casserly, Cooper, Davis of Kentucky, Davis of West Virginia, Hamilton of Maryland, Johnson, K[illegible], Patterson, Robertson, Saulsbury, Schurz, Stevenson, Stockton, Sumner and Thurman—1[illegible]

Absent—Messrs. Bayard, Caldwell, Carpenter, Fenton, Ferry of Connecticut, Flanagan, Lewis, Logan, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Scott, Spencer and Tipton.

Republicans voting no were Messrs. Patterson, Robertson, Schurz and Sumner.

Mr. Wilson was in his seat but did not [illegible] when his name was called.

THE ANTI KU KLUX BILL

The following is the full text of the bill [illegible] in the House on Tuesday by Mr. S[illegible] of O. from the Select Co[illegible]

A Bill [illegible] XIV [illegible] Article [illegible]

[illegible]

SEC. 3. That in all cases where insurrection, domestic violence or unlawful combinations or conspiracies in any State shall so obstruct or hinder the execution of the laws thereof as to deprive any portion or class of the people of such State of any of the rights, privileges or immunities named in and secured by this act and the constitution, the authorities of such State shall either be unable or shall from any cause fail in or refuse protection to the people in such rights, and shall fail to apply to the President of the United States for aid in that behalf, such facts shall be deemed a denial by such State of the equal protection of the laws to which they are entitled under the 14th article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and in all such cases it shall be lawful for the President, and it shall be his duty to take such measures by the employment of the militia or the land or naval forces of the United States or of either or by other means as he may deem necessary for the suppression of such insurrection, domestic violence, or combination, and any person who shall be arrested under the provisions of this and the preceding section shall be delivered to the marshal of the proper district to be dealt with according to law.

SEC. 4. That whenever in any State or part of a State, the unlawful combination named in the preceding section of this act shall be organized and armed and so numerous and powerful as to be able by violence to either overthrow or set at defiance the constituted authorities of such States or when the constituted authorities are in complicity with or shall connive at the unlawful purposes of such powerful and armed combinations, and whenever by reason of either or all of the causes aforesaid the conviction of such offenders and preservation of the public safety shall become in such district impracticable in every such case such combination shall be deemed a rebellion against the government of the United States, and during the continuance of such rebellion, and within the limits of the district which shall be so under the sway thereof, such limits to be prescribed by proclamation, it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, when in his judgment the public safety shall require it, to suspend the privileges of the writ of *habeas corpus*, and to declare and enforce, subject to the rules and articles of war, and other laws of the United States now in force, and applicable in cases of rebellion, martial law, to the end that such rebellion may be overthrown, *provided*, that the President shall first have made proclamation as now provided by law, commanding such insurgents to disperse, and provided, also, that the provisions of this section shall not be in force after the 1st day of June Anno Domini 1872.

SEC. 5. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to supercede or repeal any former act or law, except so far as the same may be repugnant thereto; and any offences heretofore committed against the tenor of any former act shall be prosecuted, and any proceeding already commenced for the prosecu-

...tion thereof shall be continued and completed the same as if this act had not been passed, except so far as the provisions of this act may go to sustain and validate such proceedings

Whig & Courier.

JOHN H LYNDE, - - PROPRIETOR.

FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1871

THE SPIRIT OF THE REBELLION

No more significant evidence could be furnished of the disloyal spirit still cherished by a great portion of the Southern people—which never concealed, is now asserting itself more boldly in the Ku Klux outrages throughout that section—than the expressions of leading journals with reference to the lost cause and the adulation which they bestow on the arch traitor who has been permitted to survive his infamous crimes and receive public honors at the hands of his former accomplices The following waifs can hardly fail to be instructive, especially to any who may have held lingering doubts [illegible] the sentiments prevailing in the South

'I [illegible] not speak to you as I feel,' said [illegible] Davis one evening in the present month [illegible] March to a crowd of sympathizing friends in Mobile and then—coming, perhaps near his unspoken thought as he [illegible] proud the conduct of the Mobile [illegible] the war asserting that so long as [illegible] Alabama [illegible] so long will [illegible] live in his memory [illegible] Leaving [illegible] statesman and hero [illegible] the Montgomery Advertiser publishes [illegible] Montgomery [illegible] the editor of that paper hastened to inform its readers [illegible] having had the honor of shaking him [illegible] hand and paying for an hour his [illegible] he had come to the conclusion that there is 'no living man in America whose career has been more [illegible] noble and patriotic and who more deserves the respect and affection of the South[illegible] people' And again in another article [illegible] the reception given him in Montgomery the Advertiser says that no [illegible] stood higher in the [illegible] of the South than does Jefferson Davis Not to be behind its contemporary the Montgomery Mail says that every [illegible] of respect was made to this distinguished citizen who is esteemed and [illegible] by every true Southern man and woman and that Montgomery honored herself [illegible] welcome to [illegible] Jefferson Davis Thence he proceeded to Selma and there for some reason [illegible] speak more plainly what he felt He had a public reception at a hotel on the [illegible] of the 20th inst which drew together [illegible] portion of the best people of Selma. The parlor of the hotel—we quote from the Selma Times and Messenger [illegible] Southern Democratic authority—was [illegible] for several hours by those who [illegible] there to do honor to the man who [illegible] terrible [illegible] There was but one sentiment manifested and that was an affection [illegible] the man who guided the infant [illegible] brilliant career [illegible] was surrounded by a [illegible] a large number [illegible] He responded in a short speech [illegible] and as we read further [illegible] Times and Messenger

He [illegible] hearts of all by the kind [illegible] manner in which he spoke [illegible] Alabama the Southern people and the lost cause He said he could not address them as fellow citizens as he was disfranchised [illegible] Closing his remarks he expressed the hope that he would live to see the sovereignty of the States vindicated We express in behalf of [illegible] Alabama the hope that he may [illegible] that day, but that in their [illegible] The night was in [illegible] and its occurrences [illegible] that Hon Jefferson Davis [illegible]

In Selma Davis still remained at latest [illegible] leading article in the [illegible] we read [illegible]

Wherever Mr Davis goes now in these States [illegible] the public admiration [illegible] the symbol of the ancient [illegible] the hopes that [illegible] buried the dead that fell under the stars [illegible] the humiliation of a proud people [illegible] the victor's ruthless heel, of [illegible] memories and glorious recollections—[illegible] which Southern men and women [illegible] connection with the past [illegible] shall have gone from among us, [illegible] hearts will worship at his shrine [illegible] shall have succeeded [illegible] and truth and honor [illegible] shall have been scourged [illegible]

[illegible] extracts from leading Democratic [illegible] Alabama may furnish matter for [illegible] men North and South

The Tribune says Mr Sumner is capable, well informed and honest, but he has no superiority in these respects over Messrs Wade, White and Howe whose selection as Commissioners was very happy in case the President desired the exact, unbiased truth ascertained and reported by the men whom the American People know and trust, and very malafide if he really sought a mere [illegible] his own prepossessions The country will surely accord great weight to their Report in case it shall be decisive and substantially unanimous and if Mr Sumner supposes he could gain any advantage by forestalling them he miscalculated

The Washington Chronicle says

Mr Sumner's denunciation of the President as the head of a San Domingo Ku Klux Klan and his stinging assertion that one fourth the same attention to the South would have secured peace and safety there was bitterly unjust

The speech of Senator Sumner as also perhaps the events which called it forth, will be regarded with general regret throughout the country The speech itself will have far less weight and influence than any recent great effort of the justly eminent and honored Senator

THE PORTLAND LIBEL CASES A Portland correspondent of the Lewiston Journal says The recent controversy over the action of the Directors of the M C road, published in the Argus several days ago has lost nothing of its local interest. The case is briefly this A long article in the Argus, giving a history of the whole transaction by which the old Kennebec & Portland road was made over into the Portland & Kennebec, and the ownership and management put into new hands—now the M C—written, as I suppose, by Mr John A Poor, of a necessity called by name the men prominently concerned, Messrs Rice, Shepley, Jose, Alden, Brown and others. Following this, in the same paper, came a short and bitter assault upon the gentlemen named in the first article, calling them—collectively and generally—robbers, footpads, and subjects for the prisoners' docks, &c , written by John Neal Mr H N Jose, as one of the persons aggrieved, immediately sued Mr. Neal for libel, alleging damages at $20,000 This was on Friday last. On Saturday a like suit was commenced against the Argus, and a keeper put in the office "

Several others of the parties are said to intend bringing suits against the same paper. The editor of the Argus states that the article in question did not come under his notice till its publication.

Dr. De Schloezer, Minister of the North German Confederation to Mexico, for the past two years, will leave the Mexican Capital for Washington, where he will succeed Baron Gerolt as Representative of the German Empire.

The Boston Advertiser publishes the portion of Mr. Sumner's speech which was not included in the advance copies, with the following comment:

It seems after all, that the passage in Mr Sumner's speech, in which he spoke of the President as leading a powerful and costly Ku-Klux in the waters of the Caribbean Sea, was not extemporized at the moment, but was carefully written in advance and read with the rest of the speech. This is spoken of as the most effective thing in the speech; and bearing in mind the relations of the Senator and the President we can readily believe it —It had all the elements for effect except one, and that one was truth It requires but a moment's reflection on the ordinary meaning of words to see what extravagant injustice Mr Sumner succeeded in putting into these few rhetorical phrases The Ku Klux is just now the most odious name in common use because it is associated with the worst of crimes To make it serve his purpose, and to intensify the contrast he was about to draw, Mr Sumner first charges the President with indifference to the robbery and murder of our own citizens, and then proceeds to speak of him as installing robbery and murder in another form on the coast of San Domingo —The entire episode was an attempt to turn the just indignation of the country at actual crimes into the San Domingo mill, and to bring upon the Executive department a cumulative odium which there was nothing in his argument or in fact to justify

John Quincy Adams of Massachusetts having published a letter deprecating as inexpedient the doctrine advanced in a recent speech by Judge Linton Stephens of Georgia, intended to 'fire the Southern heart,' the Tribune comments as follows

The new John Quincy (grandson of the old) has taken a big job—that of infusing some democracy into the Democratic party Since Artemus Ward diffidently and doubtfully suggested that our comic papers might be improved by inserting a joke semi occasionally, there has been no such daring speculation 'The North can never be carried for a new revolution We must go forward and not back We must demand self government for all, and guarantee *equal rights to every man* Democrats must be Democratic to succeed ' says this new leader of the host whereof Frank Blair is the favorite oracle and the Ku Klux Klan the most effective minute men What *can* the man mean? How he would [illegible] his political brethren if they were permitted to read his manifesto!

Looking at the case dispassionately we must say that, while the logic is with John, the facts are entirely on Frank's side Have not the Democrats succeeded again and again by not being Democratic? Was it [illegible] giving equal rights to every man that they carried Georgia and Louisiana for Seymour and last year elected their Governors of Alabama and North Carolina? Was 'equal rights for every man' the war cry of the Ku Klux who cleaned out the Court House and burned the negro church at Meridian, Miss? How would Toombs, and Linton Stephens, and Gen Forrest, fancy marching to the polls behind this 'banner with a strange device,' arm in arm with a squad of Democratic negroes?

The Kennebec Journal expresses some natural surprise, that Mr Sumner, after the lesson he has received, should persist in opposing the annexation of San Domingo —[Portland Advertiser

The Advertiser makes a wide mistake in attributing to this paper sentiments like the above There is no such language to be found in our columns, none that will bear any such construction —[Ken Journal

The Bangor Whig has spoken words of truth and soberness Does the Portland Daily Advertiser see the Point?—[Bath Times

The latest advices from Mississippi represent the anarchy prevailing there is extending over all the State Fifteen school houses were burned in ten days in the eastern part of the State and Superintendents and teachers have been compelled to fly for their lives Next to a Republican voter a school house seems to be the chief object of hate of the Ku Klux, a peculiarity which has always distinguished the Democratic party in the South The purpose of breaking up the school system which was never made common throughout the whole State until the Republicans came into power there is freely avowed by the leaders of the new rebellion

TOWN ELECTION.

LINNEUS Moderator—Jonathan Vail
Selectmen, Assessors, &c—Benjamin Alexander Enoch Bamford and E S Vail
Treasurer—Henry H Ward
S S Committee—M Carroll
Town Agent—John H Clough
Collector—John Dyer
ARGYLE Moderator—Isaac F Bussell, (Dem)
Clerk—W C Freese, (Rep)
Selectmen, Assessors, &c —Isaac Foster, (Rep) Nathan Lamb, (Dem), J C Jones (Rep)
Collector—A W Bussell, (Rep)
Treasurer and Agent—Isaac Foster, (Rep)
Supervisor of Schools—J C Jones, (Rep)
HOULTON Moderator—Eben Woodbury
Clerk—Hadley Fairfield
Selectmen—B L Staples, Lysander Putnam Abner Weeks
Treasurer—C H Wilson
Agent—T S Strickland
Collector—Lewis B Johnson

LATEST NEWS IN BRIEF

The students of Princeton College have been allowed three weeks vacation on account of the prevalence of small pox

Daniel Stewart, of Stamford, Ct , was suffocated by escaping gas in a room at the Putnam House New York Wednesday night.

The New York Pilot Boat J D Jones, No 15, while in the act of boarding the steamship City of Washington, Tuesday night, 260 miles East of Sandy Hook, was run into and sunk, the crew having barely time to save their lives

Clews, Habicht & Co Agents in Great Britain for the new U S loan, subscribed $1,000,000 Thursday, making $2,000,000 taken by this firm Henry Clews & Co also subscribed for $1,000,000 on Thursday

The Girard Mercantile Company held the first cotton trade sale at Philadelphia. Wednesday, which was largely attended by manufacturers of the surrounding country and New England 1000 bales of cotton were sold at 12 to 15 cents per pound

The New England and Oswego Railroad Company, which is designed to construct the link from Oswego to the State line of the Portland, Ogdensburg and Chicago Railroad, was organized in Glensfalls, N. Y , on Wednesday

U S Marshal Sharpe seized the Metropolitan Hotel, N Y., on Wednesday, by virtue of an order issued by Judge Blatchford in the bankruptcy case of Fremaine vs Leland Deputy Sheriffs are also in possession, but the two authorities are harmonious.

The colored citizens' procession in New York, Thursday, in celebration of the adoption of the 15th amendment, numbered several thousand, including two colored militia companies and a number of civic and benevolent societies. The designated line of march was fully performed despite a severe rainstorm, and the whole affair passed off successfully

The Stevens Polytechnic Institute at Hoboken, N J., was opened Wednesday evening with a lecture on "Light," by Professor Morton The institution is furnished with the finest collection of apparatus in the country The inductive coil used was made by E. S. Ritchie of Boston, and is the most powerful one in the world. The coil contains 50 miles of wire and throws a spark four feet in length.

A preliminary meeting was held in Boston Wednesday to arrange for a social gathering of the descendants of the Howe family throughout the United States. The meeting chose an Executive Committee, of which Col. Frank E. Howe of New York is chairman, and voted to hold the gathering at Harmony Grove, South Framingham, [illegible]

Special Notices.

St. Andrews Lodge,

FRIDAY EVENING, March 31

There will be a Stated Communication of St Andrews Lodge No. 83, F. & A M , this evening, at Masonic Hall, at 7½ o'clk
Brethren are invited to attend

CONSUMPTION.

ITS CURE AND ITS PREVENTIVE,

By J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.

Many a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and indisputably proved means of cure. Those near and dear to family and friends are sleeping the dreamless slumber into which, had they calmly adopted

DR JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT,

and availed themselves of his wonderfully efficacious medicines they would not have fallen

[illegible]

CONSUMPTION

[illegible]

'LEAVE NO STING BEHIND '

[illegible]

A SUPPLY OF GOOD BLOOD

[illegible]

GIVEN UP AS LOST

[illegible]

Until further notice the ... Select School will assemble at my School Room FRIDAY [illegible] bringing with them their Slates, Third Readers, Lead and Slate Pencils [illegible]
mar14 H PEASE

THE UNSURPASSED

Is Your Place to go.

SHAVING with Magic Skill

HAIR CUTTING in any style you may ask

☞ Every attention to the wants of our patrons

Come and try and be convinced that

Over China Tea Co, West Market Square

Is the only First Class Emporium in Bangor
Razors honed with care
Buy the Ladies' choice the TRIPORIOUS for your falling off hair Our thanks to the Public [illegible]
mar10 BARBERS CO

ANDREWS'

Juvenile Exhibition Ball!

MR ANDREWS will give his

THIRD ANNUAL BALL

On Thursday Evening, April 6th,

AT NOROMBEGA HALL,

On which occasion he will present to the public one of the most pleasing entertainments of the season as may be seen by the following programme.

ORDER OF EXERCISES

PART FIRST

1	Grand Entree	Class
2	[illegible]	One Miss
3	Mazourka and Gallop,	Class
4	Sailor's Hornpipe,	One Master
5	Fling	One Miss
6	*Quadrille—(Le Prince Imperiale)	Class
7	La Belle Polka,	One Miss
8	Morris Dance	Eight Masters and Misses
9	Redowa Waltz and Polka	Class

PART SECOND

1	Scarf Dance—(the Butterflies)	Nineteen Misses
2	La Violette,	One Miss
3	La Gaska—(new)	Class
4	Fisa Dance,	One Master
5	Schottische (new) and Polka Redowa,	Class
6	Highland Fling	One Miss
7	Wizzard of the Waves,	Six Misses
8	*Quadrille,—(Varieties)	Class
9	Finale,	Class

After the entertainment by the children the floor will be open to the company present to dance until twelve o clock

Music by Andrew's Quadrille Band.

N B No extra charge for dancing

Admission, 50 cts
Front row in Gallery, (Reserved seats,) 75 cts

Tickets for sale, with reserved seats, at D Bugbee & Co's, commencing MONDAY, April 3d, at 9 A M

*The Quadrilles, (the most difficult known,) will be danced without any prompting
Bangor March 29th, 1871

THE PEWS

In the Central Church on French Street, Rev G W FIELD pastor, will be rented on TUESDAY EVENING April 4, 1871, at 7 o'clock P M
ELTON W. WARE, Treasurer
Bangor March 29th, 1871

PRIVATE SCHOOL

For Young Ladies and Children,

Corner Harlow and Spring Streets.

THE SPRING TERM of MISS MITCHELL'S SCHOOL will begin

MONDAY, April 10th,

And continue twelve weeks Session from 9 A M to 1 P M
mch29 2w

REMOVAL.

F. W. HARDY

Would announce to the public his removal from his former place of business to the new and spacious Rooms in Kenduskeag Block. He would invite his friends and the public generally, to call and examine specimens of Photographic work.
Bangor, March 29, 1871.

HORSE RADISH!

Horse Radish!

Pure Grated Horse Radish, Cowdrey's Boston [illegible]
[illegible] AT LOW'S.

OPENING!

New Alpacas, Roubaix Poplins, New Shawls, Richardson's Linens full line, Linen Bosoms, Bleached and Brown Cottons, all makes, Three Cases very pretty Spring Prints, Hoop Skirts, &c., at popular prices.

AT JOSEPH F. SNOW'S,

82 MAIN STREET.

mch20 sn

The Confessions of an Invalid,

Published as a warning and for the benefit of *young men and others*, single or married, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Loss of Manhood, &c , pointing out THE MEANS OF SELF-CURE
Written by one who cured himself and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope
Address NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Brooklyn, N Y
mch22 sn 3md&w

Penobscot Valley Steamship Co.

STEAMSHIP ALLIANCE.

The Steamship ALLIANCE Capt THOS R SHUTE, will run weekly between BANGOR and BOSTON, leaving Bangor every MONDAY at 8 o clock A M , touching at Winterport, Bucksport, Sandy Point, and Belfast.

RETURNING—will leave Battery Wharf BOSTON, every THURSDAY, at [illegible] P M touching as above

Freight taken at reasonable rates
First class accommodations for passengers
Fare to Boston, $2 50
Meals extra,
Freight taken in store at all times
For further information inquire of
J. P. BASS, Agent
March 28 1-71 Office at Wharf Front Street

GOOD NEWS!

MAPLE CANDY Just Arrived.

CALL EARLY.

B. F. BRADBURY.

mch8 sn

DR. T. U. COE

Will hereafter attend to office practice only Office on Hammond Street opposite the Court House
Bangor March [illegible] 1871 sn tf

DR W H. BROWN

Will in future, attend patients only at his Office, Billings Avenue

Office Hours, 10 to 12 A M and 1 to [illegible] P M

Inside Route.

THREE TRIPS A WEEK

Portland, Boston, Lawrence Lowell and Intermediate landings

Steamer CITY OF RICHMOND W E DENNISON Master will on and after March 29th 1871 leave Bangor for Portland MONDAY WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY mornings, at 6 o clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay, connecting at Portland with the six o'clock P M Steamboat Express Train for Boston, Lawrence and Lowell arriving in Boston at ten o clock same evening

RETURNING, will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of State Street Portland same evenings at ten o clock or on the arrival of the Express Train from Boston touching as above, and arriving at Bangor about ten o clock next morning

No extra hazardous freight taken
Freight taken as usual
F I KENDRICK, Agent
Bangor, March 21, 1871 sn

FULL STOCK

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS,

Just received

At Chase's,

No. 1 Kenduskeag Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge.

AMOS F. CHASE.

Bangor March 18 1871 sn

National Insurance Comp'y.

CASH CAPITAL, $200,000.

Assets Jan 1st 1871

$241,308,38.

Continues to insure against Fire and Marine risks at their office.

49 West Market Square.

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ, President
HERBERT FULLER Secretary
GEO P FIELD, Assistant Secretary
H HERRIMAN Inspector
Jan 20 1871 sn d&w

WM. FRANKLIN SEAVEY,

COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

AND

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS

Schwartz Block West Market Square,

BANGOR, ME

npv16

Notice to Merchants & Shippers

Merchandise for shipment from Bangor by the by the E & N A Railway and by the B & P Railroad, will be received at the Station until 4 30 P M until further notice
J. M. LUNT,
Supt E & N A Railway
L. H EATON
Supt B & P Railroad
January 30 1871

DR CURTIS ON "MANHOOD"

A medical Essay on the cause and cure of Premature Decline Nervous and Physical Debility, Spermatorrhœa Sedentary Life Excess or retarded Constitution Abuses of the System &c , &c It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to Marriage and the remedies therefor—the results of 20 years successful practice, by E DE F CURTIS M D F R C S , &c

Curtis on Manhood, " should be read by the young for its instruction, and by the afflicted as a source of relief It will injure no one —*Medical Times & Gazette*

There is no member of society by whom this book will not be found useful whether he be parent preceptor or clergyman —*London Times*

Price $1 00 by mail Address Dr Curtis, No 9 Tremont Place, Boston Mass
mar7 sn eodly

WAR OF 1812.

Officers, Soldiers and Seamen who served sixty days in the War of 1812 or the widows of such, can now be placed on the Pension Rolls of the U S I have the records and rolls of this service, and superior advantages for proving these claims can apply in person or by letter All persons entitled that want their claims prosecuted promptly, should apply to the reliable agency of

B. C. ADDITON,

No 1 Main St , Bangor, Maine
Same entrance to Bangor Savings Bank
feb21 sn tf

1812 Soldiers'

PENSIONS!

We have already commenced the filing of these claims Those entitled to have their names placed upon the rolls of the Pension Office, will send their addresses at once, giving all necessary facts We have all the rolls and records Letters requiring an answer should contain a stamp.

MACE & LAUGHTON.

Bangor, Feb 24, 1871 sn d&w

Soldiers of the War of 1812,

ATTENTION!

Congress has passed a law giving a Pension of $8 per month to the officers, soldiers and Seamen of the war of 1812, who served sixty days or over, and to the widows of such as have died, and who were married previous to 1815, thus doing justice to this brave and meritorious band of patriots I have all the rolls and records of this service, and they are not to be found at any other place in this State, to my knowledge

I will give every soldier the benefit of these records to establish his claim to a pension, and I will assist him in the prompt and speedy prosecution of his claim If the soldiers' discharge is lost, these records are invaluable.

The fee is fixed by law at $10, no charge made unless a pension is obtained

☞ Application can be made in person at my office in Bangor, or by letter, giving name of Company, officers, date and length of service, &c.

C. P. BROWN,

Office near D. Bugbee's Bookstore on Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor.

Bangor, Feb. 22, 1871.

SOLDIERS 1812.

I have received Official Forms direct from the Pension Office at Washington, and am now ready to take and forward applications under the late law of Congress granting pensions to soldiers, &c of the War of 1812.
Claims for Bounty under the New Law and all other Government claims promptly collected.
[illegible]

Fire Insurance

NORTH BRITISH

AND

Mercantile Insurance Co.,

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

Paid Up Capital and Accumulated Funds,

$15,000,000 IN GOLD.

UNITED STATES BRANCH OFFICE,

50 William Street,

New York.

Polices written in this reliable Company on the most favorable terms Call and see

P. M. BLAKE,

Agent,

9 Central Street,

BANGOR.

Aug — 1870 sn

SAFE FOR SALE

A valuable safe for sale cheap Inquire of
W. B. HAYFORD,
Office over Merchants Marine Insurance Co
Bangor, March 17th sn tf

MISS CLARA F. JOY,

Teacher of Piano and Organ.

Reference—B J LANG, Boston

Orders left at J A Crowell's, 42 Main Street, or P O Box 643
feb 22—smtf

1826 Use the "Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam" **1870**

The old standard remedy for Coughs Colds, Consumption "*Nothing Better*"
nov15 sn d&w21w45

Norfolk Oysters,

Every night by Rail,

AT LOW'S!

CASCO CLAMS!

Every night by Rail

AT LOW'S.

PORTLAND LOBSTERS,

Every night by Rail

AT LOW'S.

In conclusion would say the Portland Lobsters are boiled in water from their native element and not in water from the Stream where the dead horses, dogs and cats float majestically down

A line just received from Dea Pettengill and Elder Spooner says, the Deacon has nearly recovered from the loss of his Black and Tan Newfoundland but has bought another Dog for twenty cents of a chap selling juniper lightning rods on the Plains In the meantime you can find everything in the Meat and Fish line

At Low's Market

Bangor, March 22 1871

Invigorate the Responsible Organ

The stomach is the responsible organ of the system If the digestion is imperfect, every member every gland every muscle, every nerve and fibre is more or less out of order All the fluids are depraved The brain is clouded The spirits are depressed All dyspeptics *know* this to be the truth It is not, however, half the truth Columns would be required to enumerate the pains and penalties of dyspepsia, nor could any pen do them justice Tens of thousands feel them no man can describe them

Can they be prevented Can they be relieved Can they be banished at once and forever? Unquestionably they can No dyspeptic has ever taken Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in vain Believe no one who says the complaint is incurable This great vegetable stomachic will eradicate it—is eradicating it in thousands of cases over which medical practitioners have shaken their heads ominously, saying "Nothing can be done "

The faculty has its fallacies One of them is that indigestion is the most difficult of all the ordinary ailments of mankind to combat and subdue This is a mistake Nothing can be easier than to conquer it if the true specific be administered The vegetable combination which has become famous throughout the civilized world as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an antidote to the disease which has never been known to fail and fortunately it is everywhere procurable If you wish to fool with the dyspepsia try the pharmacopœia prescriptions If you want to root it out and prevent its recurrence take the Bitters daily There is no disputing the testimony in its favor [illegible] there is a man or woman who has ever tried it for indigestion without being [illegible] the fact has not transpired Universal [illegible] its wonderful tonic virtues
Jan 18 1870 mar16 d&w1y3

FOR MOTH PATCHES, FRECKLES AND TAN,

Use Perry's Moth & Freckle Lotion
[illegible] Dr [illegible] 49 Bond St N Y

PIMPLES ON THE FACE [illegible]

Great Reduction of Fares

TO CALIFORNIA AND ALL POINTS

WEST and SOUTH,

VIA

BOSTON, NEW YORK,
PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURG,
ALBANY, BUFFALO,
NIAGARA FALLS,
DUNKIRK, SALAMANCA,
CLEVELAND, DETROIT, &c.

THROUGH TICKETS,

For sale at Greatly Reduced Rates by

P. M. BLAKE, General Agent,

No 9 Central Street, Bangor

Also, Agent for PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, for California China and Japan

TICKETS TO AND FROM

England, Ireland, and Scotland.

☞ STERLING EXCHANGE, payable at sight, or sale in sums to suit nov4 sn d&w

Sewing Machine Depot

SINGER,
WHEELER & WILSON,
GROVER & BAKER,
ELLIPTIC,
and all other STANDARD
SEWING MACHINES, for sale by
CHARLES HALE,
24 Main Street.
doc17 sn

Sanford's Independent Line.

Spring Arrangement.

Steamer CAMBRIDGE, Capt J P JOHNSON

Will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY and THURSDAY at 11 o'clock A M , touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.

Will leave Boston for Bangor, TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock P M., touching as above

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport, and Bucksport to Boston, $3 00
N B All freight must be accompanied with bill of lading in duplicate.
N B No extra hazardous freight taken
LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.
March 16th, 1871.

Caution and Facts.

LAKE SHORE

AND

Michigan Southern Railway,

TO ALL POINTS

West and South.

More direct than any other all Rail Route

No deception practiced upon Travellers, by transfer to Steamboat. No delays incurred by them in penetrating Canadian snow drifts.

☞ Be not deceived by pretensions of "Four Dollars less than by any other Route," as announced by agents of (so-called) competing lines; but call at the office of the undersigned,

21 WEST MARKET SQUARE, 21

And examine me of route and rates of fare, and see for yourself that the inducements offered by this Line are unrivalled for cheapness of fares and for safe and rapid transportation.
See following Statement;
[illegible]

D. M. HOWARD,

General Insurance Agent,

OFFICE, NO. 3 EXCHANGE BLOCK,
BANGOR, MAINE.

☞ Representing the Leading Insurance Companies of New England

Policies promptly written upon all kinds of Insurable Property in Eastern Maine, at their lowest rates of premium
feb14

PENOBSCOT

Savings Bank

Bangor, Oct 3rd, 1870

A SEMI ANNUAL DIVIDEND of four per cent. has been declared this day, payable on and after this date

All dividends as soon as declared will be added to the principal and go on interest the same as the deposit Bank hours, from 9 A M to 1 P M and from 2½ P M to 4 P M
A M. ROBERTS, President
EDWIN CLARK Treasurer oct4 sn d&w

THE SAFE

Deposit Interest Bank,

No 9 CENTRAL ST, *BANGOR*

P M. BLAKE President,
T H SMITH, Cashier

Interest allowed from the date of deposit at the liberal Government rate of

7-30 PER CENT PER ANNUM

No deposits received for a less sum than $50
☞ Office hours from 8 A M to 6 P M
April 6 1869 d&w

Warren's Cough Balsam

Is a household necessity.

Taken in season the hardest cough will yield For children it has no superior For sale by all druggists
B F BRADBURY, Proprietor
oct 1 3taw

Bonds Wanted.

STATE OF MAINE and CITY OF BANGOR BONDS wanted, at the Penobscot Savings Bank
EDWIN CLARK Treasurer
Bangor, Aug 30 1870 d&w sn

Fare Four Dollars Less

Than by any other Route from Maine

To all Points West, by the

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

Fare from Bangor to San Francisco, all Rail, first and second class, ALWAYS LESS THAN BY ANY OTHER ROUTE, third class $84.

Express trains leave Portland, Yarmouth, and Danville Junction daily (Sundays excepted) on arrival of trains from Mattawamkeag, Bangor and Augusta, making close connections for

CANADA,

DETROIT, CHICAGO, CALIFORNIA, and all Points West.

The Grand Trunk is the cheapest and most direct route from Maine for parties going West

Call and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere

Tickets to all points can now only be had at the office

22 West Market Square, Bangor
WM FLOWERS,
Eastern Agent
Bangor [illegible] 20th, 1870 d&w

CARD.

Thankful for past favors, and having changed my place of business to JAMES TOBIN'S, 2 Harlow's Block East End Kenduskeag Bridge I will be most happy to there renew my very pleasant business intercourse with former friends and patrons
J C A SPONHOLZ
Bangor, Oct 20, 1870

MARRIED.

In this city, March 30 by Rev C F Allen Mr William R Ayer of Lincoln to Miss Emily A Morrison of [illegible]

DIED.

In Brewer March 28th [illegible] daughter of Mrs M L [illegible]

[illegible]

In Brewer March 30th [illegible] daughter of W H and Augusta [illegible] months and fifteen days

LOST.

A Coach Spotted White and Black Dog about [illegible] months old Whoever will return him to No [illegible] Bow St shall be suitably rewarded
CHAS A REYNOLDS
March 31 1871

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET

SMALL TENEMENTS Apply to
ALBERT EMERSON,
No 20 Summer Street
Bangor March 21st 1871

Lost.

A SABLE CAPE, between Grove and French Streets The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office [illegible]

For Sale.

MY TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE at the corner of East Summer and Hancock Streets Also house adjoining and five house lots
SETH EMERY
mch1 1w* No 10 Pickering Square

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing, between the undersigned is this day dissolved by mutual agreement Mr Crocker will settle the concerns of the partnership at the old stand where he will be happy to see old friends
GEO A BOLTON
H A CROCKER
Bangor March 1st 1871

DO YOU WANT

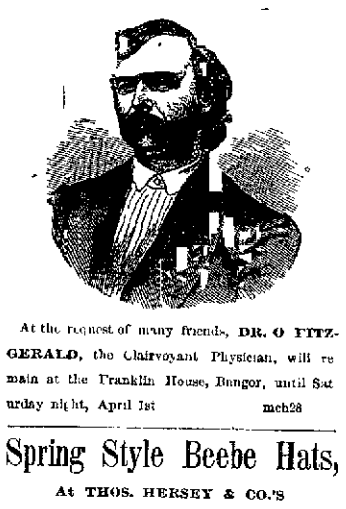
The most stylish and comfortable DRESS HAT the most nobby FELT HAT or the prettiest thing in CLOTH HATS? Don't fail to call at

No. 3 Main Street.

Also Boys and Children's Hats in great variety

Bishop & Bourne.

mch1 1t



At the request of many friends, DR. O FITZGERALD, the Clairvoyant Physician, will remain at the Franklin House, Bangor, until Saturday night, April 1st mch28

Spring Style Beebe Hats,

At THOS. HERSEY & CO.'S

CALF BOOTS,

Made to order A good Boot and good fit warranted

THOS. HERSEY & CO.,

mch28 Main Street.

With Opening Spring

See, BICKFORD Comes, with Nice Fresh

Portland Lobsters

Boiled in their pure salt water. By rail every night Likewise

Fresh Halibut and Cod Fish,

From Cape Ann and Portland, and all kinds of

FRESH, SALT, AND PICKLED FISH,

Constantly on hand, and the Captain is on hand to sell and deliver to his customers, as usual,

THOS. BICKFORD,

Bangor, March 24, 1871.

Salesman and Book-keeper

WANTED.

Apply at No 16 Main Street
mch27 BRADY & STONE

A WALLET

Containing a sum of money, was lost by a one-armed man on Saturday, at the junction of Court and Ohio Streets As the money lost was all his cash capital, the loser will be grateful if the persons who found it will leave it at WILLARD CARVER'S, Corner Court and Ohio Streets. mar27

NOTICE.

MR CHAS H TRUE will have an interest in our firm on and after April 1st, 1871
GAGE & DAVIS
Chicago, March 23 1871 R

Wanted.

A GOOD JOURNEYMAN BLACKSMITH to go into the country and take charge of a shop A single man preferred Address or apply to
A L GRANT,
100 Exchange Street, Bangor
mar30 3t*

PHENIX HOTEL,

CONCORD, N H,

J. R. CROCKER, Proprietor
mch [illegible]

Just Received.

A NICE LOT OF VERMONT BUTTER [illegible]
G. J. WESCOTT
No 1 Pickering Square

LOST.

On the [illegible] inst near the corner of Hammond and Union Streets, A HEAVY GOLD RING [illegible] The finder will be rewarded on leaving it at this office mch29 1t

SPRING STYLE

Cloth Hats

[illegible]

HILLS & BAKER'S,

West End Kenduskeag Bridge

Mar

WE'RE PRETTY WELL,

How's Your Folks?

[illegible]

Smoked Bloaters,

AT LOW'S.

NOTICE OF APPEALS

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE
[illegible]

HIRAM RUGGLES
[illegible]

NOTICE.

[illegible]
N H DILLINGHAM, Secretary
[illegible]

Mount Hope Cemetery Corporation

THE ANNUAL MEETING [illegible] on MONDAY, the third day of April next, at three o'clock P M [illegible] meeting
JOHN BRIGHT Secretary
Bangor [illegible]

Wanted.

[illegible]
W F WHITTON & CO
[illegible] Harlow Street

THE PLACE

[illegible]

Hill Cottons.

2000 Yards UNBLEACHED REMNANTS
2000 Yards 4 4 BLEACHED COTTONS
2000 Yards 9 8 BLEACHED COTTONS

[illegible]

E. C. Nichols & Co.

No 7 Main Street

Bangor March [illegible] 1871

To Let.

A PLEASANT AND DESIRABLE TENEMENT on [illegible] Street [illegible]
mch [illegible] 1w S C HALL [illegible]

PRAIRIE WEED

Balsam.

Discovered in the [illegible] through the [illegible] THE GREATEST REMEDY for Coughs Colds and all consumptive difficulties [illegible]

GEO C GOODWIN & CO WEEKS & POTTER CUTLER BROS & CO RUST BROS & BIRD and BURR & PERRY Boston W F PHILLIPS & CO Portland and B F BRADBURY Bangor [illegible] W F ALDEN & CO Bangor [illegible] bottle

MILTON AUSTIN, Proprietor
[illegible] Austin Bros & [illegible]
[illegible] WAVNUT AVENUE BOSTON MASS
[illegible] 3taw&w1y13

NEW SPRING GOODS,

Just received at WEED & FIFIELD'S [illegible] Kenduskeag Block Call and examine [illegible] line of woolens for men [illegible] are prepared to make in the latest styles [illegible]

We have also a large and [illegible] Ready Made Clothing and [illegible] furnishing goods
WEED & FIFIELD
mar1 (M&W&S)4w

Valuable House Lot for Sale

Two House Lots on Hammond Street, between Fourth and Fifth Streets Apply to J R MASON at A W Paine's office, or at No 13 Hammond St
mch23

GREENS.

English Emerald, Paris, Chrome Quaker, Drop Marseilles, Hampden, Hampden Permanent Swiss and Imperial French Greens,

Which we sell at the lowest cash prices and to which we would call the attention of Painters and those about painting their blinds

Blood & Rowe.

Bangor, March 8th 1871

TROPHY TOMATO.

ONE of the earliest, the largest, the smoothest, the most fleshy and consequently the heaviest, and much the best flavored of any tomato grown My seed was raised from seed procured last year of Col Waring, at *twenty-five cents each*. Packages of about 100 seeds mailed free on receipt of 25 cents, or 5 packages for $1.00. Address,
mar3 ALBERT NOYES, Bangor, Me

PARLOR SETTS

may be RE-COVERED to advantage

All kinds of

Cabinet Work, Repairing and Upholstery

At short notice and fair prices, by

HENRY S. BROWN,

nov20 3taw 18 State Street

Auction Sales.

E. B. PATTE.

COMMISSION MERCHANT [illegible]

No 37 MERCANTILE S[illegible]

☞ Special attention given to Estate at Private or Public Sale [illegible] Houses, Farms, or other Property [illegible] vited to register a description [illegible]

Fixtures, &c, of a Grocery and Variety Store

AT AUCTION

On SATURDAY April 1st [illegible]

[illegible]

Sheriff's Sale

[illegible]

APRIL 1st at 10 o'clock [illegible]

[illegible]

R B PRESC[illegible]

REAL ESTATE [illegible]

Commission Merchant [illegible]

AND

GENERAL A[illegible]

No. 12, - - - Cent[illegible]

FARMS FOR SALE

NEAR THE CITY

[illegible]

FOR SALE

[illegible]
FOR RENT [illegible]

J B FOSTE[illegible]

General Commission [illegible]

AND

AUCTIO[illegible]

[illegible] 28 West M[illegible]

Hotel to be Let.

[illegible]
J B FOSTER
ISAAC M BRAGG

Norombega Hall.

PHILADELPHIA COMEDY,

Friday Evening March 31st

Last Night

AND

BENEFIT

OF

MISS EMILY WYSEMAN

The BANGOR CORNET BAND

[illegible]

BALCONY CONCERT.

[illegible]

The Little Treasure,

[illegible]

ALADDIN.

[illegible]

For Further Particulars see Pr[illegible]

[illegible]

Doors open at [illegible] Commence at [illegible]

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES

Just Received, at

WHITE & LEONARD'S

[illegible]

Watches Clocks and Jewelry

No [illegible] Kenduskeag Bridge

[illegible]

Cunard Line

MAIL STEAMERS.

From Liverpool and Queenstown to Boston [illegible]

[illegible] Steamers sailing every TUESDAY from Liverpool [illegible]
[illegible] Mail Steamer SIBERIA [illegible] Boston for Liverpool and Queenstown [illegible] April 8th
Cabin Passage [illegible]
Steerage [illegible] $30 [illegible]
Children under 12 years half [illegible]
Certificates issued for passage from Hamburg Christiania, Rotterdam, [illegible] Havre or Paris Also Drafts payable in England Ireland and Scotland
[illegible] place in Bangor to secure [illegible] No 1 Dolan's Block Main Str[illegible]
M. BOYCE,
[illegible] Agent for B[illegible]

For Sale.

SCHOONER MARY [illegible] now at Pawtucket [illegible] Inquire of JOHN CASSIDY
mch [illegible] Bangor [illegible]

RETURNED AGAIN

After an absence of nearly a year I would respectfully inform the citizens of Bangor and [illegible] I have returned once more and will give particular attention to Repairing and Sharpening Razors Scissors and Knives also Knife Blades to order

All work warranted to give satisfaction [illegible] ful for past favors and by strict attention [illegible] ness hope for a continuance of the sam[illegible]
mar 4 4w T. HANOVER

Carriages for Sale,

New and Second Hand CARRIAGES [illegible] scription may be [illegible] Norombega M[illegible] for sale by SMITH & HALLETT [illegible] Concord Wagons [illegible] ness Wagons [illegible] Express Wagons [illegible] Buggies Top and [illegible] Top Buggies, Brownell's Beach Wagon [illegible] Carryalls Pony Phaeton and Rockaways [illegible] large variety of Second Hand Carriages [illegible] be sold cheap for cash
SMITH & HALLETT
mch20 2m*

DR. TIBBETS,

Cancer and Humor Doctor, late of B[illegible]

has taken an office on Hammond Street, opposite the Court House, where he may be consulted [illegible] persons suffering with any disease that flesh is he[illegible] to.

The Doctor does not consider it necessary to publish any of the numerous certificates of cures in his possession, but invites the afflicted to call at his office and satisfy themselves of his skill.
mch23 1w*

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The Firm of WEED & FIFIELD is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
S D Fifield continues the business at 6 & 7 Kenduskeag Block, and is authorized to sign in liquidation
mar25 3w A. S. WEED.
S. B. FIFIELD

NOT SOLD OUT!

J. H. Robinson & Co. have not sold out their I[illegible] BUSINESS, but have put up double quantity of pure Ice, and are ready to take orders at their office, in rear of Kenduskeag Block.
J. H. ROBINSON
[illegible] BRACKETT.

TELEGR[illegible]

TO

Whig &

LATEST FR[illegible]

SKIRMISHING
AROUN[illegible]

The Government
tack th[illegible]

[illegible]

Flour steady
Wheat easier — No 2 [illegible]
Corn firm — No 2 57½ [illegible]
Oats lower at 47½ for [illegible]
Barley firmer — No 2 [illegible]
Mess Pork 20 16 a 20,1[illegible]
Lard, 11¼

TELEGRAPHIC

TO THE

Whig & Courier.

LATEST FROM EUROPE

SKIRMISHING COMMENCED AROUND PARIS

The Government Forces to Attack the City

THE [illegible] OFFER TROOPS TO THE ASSEMBLY

Germany Permits an Increase of the Paris Garrison.

COUNT DE CHAMBORD HEADING A NEW REVOLT

REVOLUTIONIZED PARIS

Paris, March 30. The city is quiet. At [illegible] the sub central committee to-day [illegible] submitted a proposition for [illegible] of the portion of the National [illegible] is not given in its a[illegible] the [illegible] government.

[illegible]

[illegible] said that the Republic [illegible] a Committee of Public Safety [illegible] no danger from its opponents who [illegible] if they attempted any ulterior [illegible]. All conspirators will meet the [illegible].

[illegible] makes a demand [illegible] part of the Committee.

RESIGNATIONS

[illegible] that M Delescluze has [illegible] on the part of his [illegible] that his position was incompatible [illegible] resigned the membership of [illegible] Council to which he was chosen at the election of Sunday.

[illegible] his seat in the National Assembly.

[illegible] make the statement [illegible] National Guard of the city cost the [illegible] hundred thousand francs.

[illegible] ANXIOUS FOR ACTION

[illegible] March 30. The Deputies of the Departments of the Vosges, Meurthe and [illegible] have proposed to ask the National Assembly to send commissioners to the Departments to organize a force to march on Paris.

The Government has [illegible] the legiti[illegible] meetings.

It is stated that

[illegible]

[illegible] with the Count de Chambord [illegible] acknowledged head and [illegible] a liberal constitution [illegible] a Parliament on the model of England.

The government has lately expressed its [illegible] the opposition shown to it by the partisans of the Orleans family.

[illegible] has been superseded in command [illegible] army by Gen Barral.

[illegible] has succeeded in arming and [illegible] the government.

SKIRMISHING COMMENCED

[illegible] picket fighting last night between the [illegible] and the government forces [illegible] between Versailles and Paris [illegible] after [illegible] with [illegible] Ducrot [illegible] attack on Paris.

[illegible] EVACUATION

[illegible] National Assembly Wednesday M [illegible] France [illegible] many [illegible] the Germans [illegible] the present [illegible] its services [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible] MM Pouyer Quertier [illegible] negotiating at Rouen [illegible] telegrams had been ex[illegible] government at Berlin [illegible] administration [illegible] increase of the [illegible] 80,000 men.

[illegible]

[illegible] is still [illegible] of the [illegible] has not been present [illegible] Hotel de Ville. [illegible] withdrawn from the Communal [illegible] will give his exclusive [illegible] Le Vengeur [illegible] organ of the Commune.

BOSTON ITEMS

Boston, March 30

[illegible] testimony developed before [illegible] Committee investigating the charges against the State Constabulary [illegible] has led to a renewal of seizures on a more extensive scale [illegible] heretofore. This afternoon $15 000 worth of liquors were seized in the store of Ralph Smith on Exchange St., and $10 000 [illegible] from Martin & Davis on Commercial [illegible]. Mr Davis of the latter firm testified before the Committee yesterday that the firm [illegible] 10 dollars monthly to one State Constable [illegible] sums to others of the force [illegible] the last two years. The seizures [illegible] large crowds and created much [illegible].

MOUNT WASHINGTON

Mt Washington, N H
via Littleton, March 30

[illegible] at 7 p m — Barometer 20° 8, thermometer 1° Relative humidity 74 Wind NNW Velocity 10 miles per hour

MONETARY AFFAIRS

New York, March 30

American gold closed at 110.

Money closed easier to-day at 3 a 4 per cent on call.

Foreign Exchange market to-day closed at 109 a 110½.

Government securities closed at the following quotations:

U S Sixes (coupons)	1881	116
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1862	11[illegible]
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1864	11[illegible]
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1865	112
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1865 (Jan and July)	110
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1867	111
U S 5-20s (coupons)	1868	111
U S 10-40s (coupons)		108
Pacific Sixes		115
Central Pacifics		95
Union [illegible]		[illegible]

The stock market closed quiet this afternoon. The following are the closing quotations:

Western Union 59 Pacific Mail 43¾ Boston Water Power Company 36, N Y Central & Hudson River Railroad Company 95¾ Harlem Railroad Company 1[illegible] Reading Railroad Company 103 Michigan Central Railroad Company 121¼ Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company 10[illegible] Illinois Central Railroad Company 134¼ Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company 113¼, Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company 83¼, do preferred 96¼ Chicago & Rock Island Railroad Company 114¼ Milwaukee & St Paul Railroad Company 61¾, preferred 79½ Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railroad 96, Wabash Railroad Company 57¼, Erie Railroad 21 preferred 4[illegible], Ohio & Mississippi Railroad 47¼ Buffalo, Hartford & Erie 1¼

MARKETS

New York, March 30

Cotton is lower — sales 3240 — middling uplands 15¼.

Flour — sales 8,000 bbls — State and Western [illegible] — State 6,00 a 7,15, Round Hoop Ohio [illegible] a 7 40, Western 6 00 a 7 75, Southern [illegible] a 9 00.

Wheat — sales 53,000 bushels — No 2 Spring [illegible] a 1,58 for new.

Corn is firm — sales 61,000 bushels — new mixed Western 82 a 83¼.

Oats — sales 00 000 — Ohio 67¼ a 71.

Lard — sales 0000 bbls. — steam rendered 11¼ a 12¼.

Beef quiet — New plain 10,00 a 15,00; new extra do 15,00 a 17,50.

Pork is dull — sales 000 bbls — new mess 21,12.

Butter heavy — Ohio 13 a 20.

Rice — Carolina, 8¼ a 8¾.

Sugar — Muscovado [illegible] a 9¾, Fair to Good Refining 9.

Naval stores — Spirits Turpentine 52 a 52¼, Rosin, 2,75.

Petroleum steady — crude 13¼; Refined bonded at 23¼.

Tallow steady.

Freights to Liverpool are steady — Cotton per steamer 9-32 a 9-32d.

CHICAGO, March 30.

Flour steady.

Wheat easier — No 2 at 1,24¼.

Corn firm — No 2 at 57¼.

Oats lower at 47¼ for No. 2.

Barley firmer — No 2 at 78.

Mess Pork at 20,12½.

Lard, 11¼.

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, D. C, March 30.

SENATE

Mr Davis of Kentucky, offered a resolution which was laid over, calling upon the Secretaries of the Treasury, War and Navy to report to the Senate at the next session a schedule of the property by classes, with its estimated value, which has been seized or taken possession of since January 1 1861, by order authority or in the name of their Departments respectively. What disposition was made of said property, the portions sold and what became of the money therefrom.

The consideration of Mr Anthony's amendment to allow the consideration of any bill on the South passed by the House of Representatives was resumed.

Mr Davis of Ky spoke in refutation of the charges of Mr Sherman against the peace and order of the South particularly of his own State. He charged that the government had exhibited flagrant injustice towards Kentucky citing the refusal to pay compensation for slaves enlisted in the army. Alluding to Secretary Stanton as the cause of this refusal Mr Davis said: A more lawless dictator was never in power than that same Secretary of War. If justice had been dealt out to him in his life time for his crimes he would have been hung a hundred times for murder and put into the penitentiary ten thousand times for his crimes. (Sensation.) The speaker proceeded until cut off by the morning hour, when it was agreed to take a vote upon the question.

Mr Thurman's amendment requiring any bill that might be received from the House to be referred to a committee before action by the Senate was voted down only fourteen Senators rising in the affirmative.

Mr Anthony's amendment was then adopted without division.

Mr Sherman's resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to bring in a bill to repress Ku Klux outrages, was then proceeded with and Mr Davis of Ky, argued at great length against the constitutionality of the proposed measures.

Mr Stevenson vindicated his State from the charge of lawlessness and claimed that the people there uniformly treated the negroes generously and kindly and their only fault was in refusing to believe in the superiority of the negro race.

He showed that the Senator from Indiana (Morton) at one time entertained the same sentiments. He had read extracts from the gentleman's message to the Legislature as Governor of Indiana, and from a speech delivered by him in Richmond Ind in 1865, opposing negro suffrage as dangerous to the country, holding negroes unfit to wield the franchise and that they should undergo a probationary period. Mr Stevenson commented on this as showing that the only difference between Mr Morton and the people of Kentucky was that the former was a more apt scholar.

Mr Morton proceeded to read from what he stated to be an official list of the murders and outrages committed in Kentucky.

Mr Stevenson inquired what official list he meant.

Mr Morton replied that it was an official record prepared by the Freedmen's Bureau. (Derisive laughter on the Democratic side.)

Mr Stevenson—We do not recognize the Freedmen's Bureau as authority in Kentucky.

Mr Morton—You do not recognize any authority. You do not allow negroes to testify and if you could succeed in excluding all testimony it would be easy for you to prove Kentucky to be a law abiding State. In reference to sentiments previously expressed by him which had been quoted he would say that at the time they were announced they were very generally entertained by the Republican party. But it was soon found that reconstruction could not be accomplished without the enfranchisement of the colored people, and the enfranchisement worked far better than he anticipated.

Mr Blair desired the Senator from Indiana (Morton) to answer candidly one question. Whether the negroes had not been entrusted with the ballot in order to obtain Republican votes?

Mr Morton replied that it was well known that reconstruction could not be accomplished on a white basis. The white people of the South would not accept the situation.

Mr Blair emphatically—They did accept the situation; they did abolish slavery and have never lifted their hands against the government since, and any one who asserts the contrary asserts that which is not true. (Great applause in the galleries.)

The Chair (Mr Anthony) warned the galleries that a repetition of such a demonstration would cause them to be instantly cleared.

Mr Edmunds said he desired to give notice that upon the next occasion of any disorderly manifestation in the galleries, he should not only insist upon their being cleared but the offenders be arrested and punished. It was about time to put a stop to these practices which during the last few days had turned the chamber into a bear garden or cock pit.

Mr Morton said he did not wish the galleries to be interfered with on his account.

Mr Conkling said he would have to object to carrying out of the threat of the Senator from Vt in this case. The galleries had for days been applauding sentiments identical with those just expressed by the Senator from Missouri. He opposed any discrimination in the matter and thought the Senator from Missouri should not be deprived of the plaudits awarded to other Senators.

The Chair stated that if the disorder was repeated he would have to direct the Sergeant at arms to enforce the rules.

Mr Morton said he would conclude what he had to say by asking for the reading of an editorial from the Louisville Courier Journal on the Kentucky Legislature. It was a photograph by a Democratic paper of a Democratic Legislature. The article declared the Ku Klux in Kentucky to be formidable in numbers and terrible in act, that the Legislature had failed to do anything to suppress them but had spent its time in whiskey and champagne drinking, smoking segars, lobbying, and praying that the State may never look upon its like again &c.

Mr Morton explained that he did not mean to say that lawlessness was universal among the Democratic party of Kentucky. He admitted that the late Governor and now Senator Stevenson and two Democratic Judges had done their duty as also one Democratic paper, the Louisville Courier Journal out of forty published in the State, but they were unable to influence the Democratic party of that State.

Mr Pool obtained the floor and after a brief executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE

The House proceeded to the consideration of the anti Ku Klux bill reported from the select committee.

Mr Beck of Ky, proceeded to argue earnestly against the provisions of the bill, which conferred as he declared unlimited power upon the President—greater than that exercised by Emperor William, or claimed by Queen Victoria. Should we make the President dictator to destroy the liberties of the people? Those who aided and abetted the bill would become more odious than the Ku Klux desperadoes of the South.

Mr Blair of Michigan said that ever since he came here, four years ago they had never been without a bill pending to cure chronic rebellion in the South. The 41st Congress completed the business of reconstruction and this Congress began its session with all the States represented and entitled to representation. It had seemed that we were about to return to the staid old ways of legislation.—The people are now all equal in the Union, with the exception of certain disabilities under 14th amendment, which no one desired long to continue to him this was a great relief, it was his opinion that this House ought to have adjourned directly after it organized. He wished that the laws as they stood might be thoroughly tested before they entered on new and untried fields of legislation, many and broad powers have been granted to the President for the preservation of order in the late insurrectionary States. Why file statute upon statute to be unused. His conviction was, it was not law that was wanted in the South, it was the execution of law, and that law has been confided to another branch of the Government.

The act of May, 1870, known as the enforcement act, seemed to have been made to meet the existing condition of affairs. This appeared broad, clear and definite enough to meet all acts of lawless bands and conspirators. Statutes were not wanting to enable the President to enforce the law, and in this connection Mr Blair quoted the law of 1772. He was unwilling, therefore, to recognize the President's message as a further reason for legislation, but as the President had expressed doubt on the subject, it became the duty of the Representatives of the people to reconsider the whole subject. While he deprecated the necessity of passing such a bill as this, the country would not be satisfied with the denunciation of it. If the gentlemen had a better way of protecting the people, let them produce it. He did not hesitate to say that by a fair construction of the Constitution, the Government was authorized to interfere in a State to suppress domestic violence, when the State cannot, or by reason of complicity, does not apply to the [illegible]. Government [illegible] distance. This bill proposes to protect the people in their rights, privileges and immunities, which pertain to them as citizens of the United States, and under the Constitution and laws, these rights, privileges and immunities recited, were not created by the fourteenth article of the Constitution. The strong arm of the law ought to be applied to suppress all conspirators and obstructions to the law.

In reply to Mr Beck of Ky, he said the gentleman from Kentucky had declared his readiness to punish the offenders in the most severe manner. They had heard enough of that from the time the rebellion began until this hour. Congress was full of such patriots. They would put down disorders and abuses in the country but could never find the power to do so. They would always doubt the evidence of the existence of lawlessness, and when they found it out, they would point to the Constitution. However great the evil, they were unable to find power to interfere. If the gentleman from Kentucky was serious in denouncing the President as a usurper, let him go and sit down and talk with the President for five minutes, and if then the gentleman comes away thinking the President is a Napoleon who is preparing his guns to batter down the defences of our liberty and make himself an imperial despot, then he (Blair) would be much disappointed. All the gentleman's talk is exceedingly idle. If he had been on the stump in Kentucky haranguing the mob who assailed the colored agent of the Post Office no doubt he would have been applauded. All this clamor was for mere political effect to help the Democratic party into power.

Mr Wood of N Y argued at length against the bill, which he condemned as a desperate expedient to sustain the declining fortunes of the Republican party and placing in the hands of the President the most dangerous and dictatorial powers. He doubted the truth of reports of Ku Klux outrages in the South, and cited statistics of cotton production to show a favorable condition of industry in the Southern States. He declared the proper duty of Congress was to legislate on questions of revenue, tariff and civil service reform, economy in public expenditures, restoration of specie payments, revival of American commerce and by all constitutional means lead in development of the resources of the country. He commented on the following remark in Mr Kelley's speech: "Do not dream you can disfranchise these men —they know what freedom is and the worm will turn and sting if we do not interpose to give them safety, and you have not the generosity to do it. Beware, for the day may come when for every freedman's hut that is desolated ten blazing mansions may illuminate the midnight sky as millions of people shall be driven to despair. Sink them not to that condition —save yourselves by proving that there is in you as much humanity as there was in slaves who while you warred for their degradation and enslavement labored and watched over your wives and children."

Mr Wood said these remarks were incendiary and he never felt more indignant in his life than when he heard them and was never more disposed to commit a breach of decorum of the House in denouncing the damnable wickedness of this passage.

Mr Kelley replied that the thought his remarks had good effect—that gentleman no longer described the angle of the negro's knee and shin to hold him up to opprobrium as an inferior being. He asked Mr Wood whether he turned his back on the "white man's party," or endorsed the declaration of the Republican party of this District as published to-day?

Mr Wood thanked the gentleman for his reply and for admitting in effect to the House and to the country that he would not vindicate the damnable assertion.

Mr Kelley—I do.

Mr Wood—I hope if a war of races should take place, and if colored men should begin the fight they would select a more valiant man for their leader than Mr Kelley, who in Mobile, during a disturbance, crept under a table.

Mr Kelley—There is no foundation for the story, but sixty seven balls were shot at me.

Mr Wood continuing his sentence—crept under the table and pretended to be dead.

Mr Kelley—The story, come from what quarter it may, is false!

Mr Wood said the gentleman made a bombastic appeal to a negro but could not face the fire himself. He had given the gentleman an opportunity to explain.

Mr Kelley—and to signalize the conversion of the gentleman from New York.

Mr Brooks of N Y briefly opposed the bill which he said he considered worse than that for a similar purpose lately introduced by Gen Butler inasmuch as Mr Butler's bill deprived only Southern people of their rights and liberties under the Constitution while this bill, because of the alleged outrages in two or three of the Southern States, put it in the power of the President to deprive all innocent people North and West of the habeas corpus, and subject them all to martial law at his pleasure and caprice.

After further discussion by Mr Maynard of Tenn, in favor, and Mr Eldridge of Wis, against the bill the House adjourned.

THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT

OTTAWA, Can, March 30

In the House of Commons last night Langevin, Minister of Public Works, explained the canal policy of the government in connection with the report of the Commissioners. No vote would be asked for the Sault St Marie canal this session, but about $600 000 and $300 000 would be asked respectively for enlarging the Welland and Ottawa canals.—In accordance, partly with the recommendation of the Commissioners nothing would be done with the Chambly canal. The Murray Bay canal and the deepening of the St Lawrence between Montreal and Quebec but there would be an item of $100 000 in the supplementary estimates for deepening the river between Kingston and Montreal.

Mr McKenzie alluded to the importance of rendering our commerce independent of American highways after last year, and regretted that nothing was to be done in regard to Sault St Marie canal though action had been promised at the beginning of the session. He did not think that the enlargement of the Welland canal would produce the results anticipated but that it would rather benefit Oswego. He thought the best line for Western trade was a large canal along the Ottawa, which Mr Shanly said could be constructed for twelve millions of dollars.

There was no reference to the mining trade of Lake Superior or the Rideau canal. He blamed the government for not being prepared to announce some policy for the future.

The debate on the admission of British Columbia and the construction of the Pacific Railroad was continued last night and will be resumed to-day. It is meeting with considerable opposition.

DEATH OF THE QUEEN OF SWEDEN

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, March 30

The Queen of Sweden is dead.

PERSONAL.

GALVESTON Texas, March 30

Horace Greeley will deliver the opening address of the State Fair at Houston, May 22

Marine Journal.

TO VESSEL OWNERS

Those of our subscribers who are interested in vessels which they desire to have reported in our Marine Journal are requested to send us a list of such vessels in order that their movements may be duly noticed.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED

THURSDAY March 30

Stmr City of Richmond, Dennison, Portland
Sch Fear Not, Wilkenson, Newburyport
Sch Mill Creek, Kent, Bucksport
Sch J A Webster, Webster, Castine
Sloop Herschel, Dewitt, Winterport

CLEARED

Stmr Cambridge, Johnson, Boston
Sch Maru ka, Kimball, Boston
Sch M L Crockett, Crockett, Boston
Sch Boston, Baker, Salem
Sch Onward, Wardwell, Rockland
Sch Sarah, Baker, Rockland

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

ELLSWORTH—Ar 26th sch Telegraph, Woodward, Portland.
Ar 27th sch Heroine, Hodgkins, Rockland.
Cld 28th sch A K Woodward, Woodward, New York.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

New York, March 28. The survey for the removal of the Battery Shoals is now in progress. Gen John Newton, U S Engineer, has the direction of the work, and will have it completed as soon as possible.

MEMORANDA.

R A & W A Friend, of Brooklin, have bought the sch Little Anna or Deer Isle, for the lobster business.

Capt F A Allen has gone to New London to take command of the barque Transit, loading for St Mary's and from thence to Montevideo.

The sch Savoy is being repaired at S W Harbor.

DISASTERS.

A lime laden sch, hailing from Rockland, went ashore at the mouth of Bass River 25th inst, sprung aleak and set her on fire; she will probably be a total loss.

Sch Nellie Doe, at Charleston from Rockport, Me, reports when off Cape Hatteras, was knocked on her beam ends, and had deck load washed overboard.

Sch Mary Riley, Riley, at Wilmington, 25th inst, from Baltimore, experienced heavy weather during the passage, split sails, &c.

Sch Martha M Heath, Smith, from Corpus Christi for New York, before reported at S W Pass, in distress, arrived up at New Orleans 24th inst.

Sch Falcon, Wheeler, is aground on a bar in the Housatonic River, Bernidge [illegible] have [illegible] be discharged into lighters before she can be got off.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

PORTLAND—[illegible]

Ar 28th, sch Dragon, Small, Boston; Nora, Wallace, Salem.

GLOUCESTER—[illegible]

BOSTON—Ar 28th, schs Gen Banks, Fitzgerald, Calais; White Foam, Hopkins, do; Susan Ross, Jones, do; Hiram Tucker, Clark, do; Helen McLeod, Coggswell, do; Geo W Snow, Randall, Machias; Fanny Barney, Jones, do; Woodruff, Hutchins, Frankfort; Huntress, [illegible]; [illegible]ville, Adaline, Knowlton, do; Rowena, Hickey, Calais; Laurel, Haggerty, Sullivan; Grampus, Wooster, do; Billow, Wass, Addison; Henry, Carter, Belfast; New Packet, Kelley, Millbridge.

Cld 29th, sch Louisa Bliss, Strong, Savannah.

VINEYARD HAVEN—Ar 28th, barque Ephraim Williams, from Dix Island for New York; schs Frank Maria, Wood and Mary A Rice, Rice, Providence for Bangor; Isabella Jewett, Mitchell, do for Monhegan; Julia Cole, do for Bangor.

Sld, schs Lizzie Poor, Delia Hodgkins, Howard Macomber, Lookout, Presto, Pavilion, O M Wentworth, Wesley Abbott.

Ar 29th schs Franklin, Brewster, New York for Providence; Gentile, Eldridge, do for Rockland; Walter C Hall, Tolman, Stonington for Portland; Wreath, Butler, for New York.

NEW BEDFORD—Sld 28th sch Louisa Francis, Kelley, New York.

Ar 29th sch Northern Light, Ireland, Philadelphia for Portsmouth.

EAST GREENWICH—Sld 28th brig Mountain Eagle, Jarvis, Savannah.

PAWTUCKET—Sld 28th sch Watchman, Carter, New York.

BRISTOL—Sld 28th sch Adaline Hamlin, Dexter, Bangor.

Ar 26th schs Lewis C Bent, Patterson, No[illegible]; Lucy Baker, Snow, Rockland.

NEWPORT—Ar 28th, sch Sarah Jane, Jenkins, for New York.

Sld 28th, schs Mary, Lymburner, [illegible] for New York for Bangor; Maria Roxanna, Palmer, from Portland for New York; Ida L Dearse, from Boston for Philadelphia; Rockett Warr, from Calais for New York; Joseph W Fitch, [illegible], from Edgartown for New York; Harriet Ryan, Wilson, from East Greenwich for New York.

PROVIDENCE—Sld 28th sch July Fourth, Cobb, Bangor.

STONINGTON—Ar 28th sch Antecedent, [illegible], for New York.

NEW LONDON—Sld 28th barque Transit, Carlton, St Marys, Ga.

NEW YORK—Ar 29th brig Silas N Martin, Brown, Demerara.

Ar 29th barque Henry Buck, [illegible], Searsport; [illegible], Buenos Ayres.

Passed through Hell Gate 28 sch [illegible] Laine, Stone, for Eastport.

PHILADELPHIA—Ar 27th, brigs Moses Day, Lord, Cardenas; Benjamin Carver, Pendleton, Buck, [illegible].

Ar 28th sch Doris, Snow, Portland.

Cld 26th, brig Proteus, Hall, Sagua.

BALTIMORE—Cld 27th sch M A Cann, Whittemore, Boston.

FORTRESS MONROE—Passed out 28th brig Minnie Miller, Anderson, for Cardenas.

NORFOLK—Ar 29th sch H[illegible] Bill, [illegible], French, Rockland.

CHARLESTON—Ar 25th sch Nellie Doe, Richards, Rockport.

SAVANNAH—Ar 28th brig Mary C Rosevelt, from Boston.

Cld 28th ship Florence Treat, Small, for Liverpool.

NEW ORLEANS—Cld 4th [illegible] James [illegible], South [illegible].

FOREIGN PORTS

Cld at Newcastle 13th barque Winifred, Stiles, Bangor, Me.

Cld at Queenstown 14th inst barque Hunter and Harvel, Gilmore, Havre.

Ar at Havre 13th inst barque Hunter, York, from New York.

Cld at Liverpool 15th inst ship China, Fernald, New Orleans.

Entered for loading 13th ship Bellevue, [illegible], Portland.

Sld from Cardiff 13th inst brig [illegible], [illegible] Crocker, New York.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

—House flies are making their appearance.

—Horses are getting their Spring clipping.

—Hop and bean poles commence to come into the market.

—Lemon juice is one of the best medicines for a sore throat.

—Master Charley Farrington has a hen which laid an egg measuring 8 inches by 6¼.

—Awnings are going up in considerable numbers.

—The streets are more muddy than at any previous time this season.

—Drives have commenced on the smaller streams but none on the main Penobscot.

—Carpenters and house-painters are in active demand at the present time.

—Oysters have only a few weeks left to retain their favor and flavor.

—Mr C S Osgood of this city, has shown us a hen's egg, about the size of a thimble.

—The savants say that the first half of the present March was by far the warmest in forty seven years.

—Physicians recommend ladies to form walking clubs. This is a matter in which steps should be taken.

—The Mattawamkeag railroad bridge is completed excepting covering, which will not be done till fall. It is a fine piece of work.

—Cut about an inch and a half off the legs of a straight back chair and you have one of the most pleasant and comfortable seats imaginable.

—It is a well established fact that a person who is guilty of squirting tobacco juice in the house of worship don't expect to rate as a gentleman.

—Mr Wm R Dempster the vocalist, of whose singing many of our readers have pleasant recollections, died in London March 7th at the age of 62 years.

—We understand the Masonic bodies in Dover and Foxcroft have postponed dedicating their new Hall till the first of June next.

—A six pound gun was brought to this city yesterday on the schooner J A Webster from Castine, to be placed in the Bangor Arsenal.

—Lumbermen are arriving from the woods daily. Several were rolling about the streets yesterday in a state which indicated too much familiarity with extract of rye.

—Our correspondent writes that Hon Warren Johnson, State Sup't of Schools and Mr Grindle of the Executive Council are in Castine making arrangement for the new Normal School building.

—Rev and Mrs O P Allen, who have been stopping in this city for about a year, expect to sail from New York April 5th for the Harpoot Mission field in Eastern Turkey where they have labored a number of years.

—The trade in eggs is increasing. The Steamer Cambridge took from this port to Boston yesterday about a hundred boxes each of which contained an average of 100 dozen. A big 'lay.'

—We learn that Mr Ira Pitman who fell from the abutment of the railroad bridge on Center St, Wednesday, fractured one of his hips so badly that it is uncertain if the limb can be saved.

—A young man was arraigned before the Police Court yesterday, charged with breaking open another man's trunk and stealing articles therefrom, but the evidence not sustaining the complaint he was discharged.

—A hasty look over the steamer City of Richmond, yesterday, convinced us that she was never in better condition. With the same courteous and efficient officers, she will be as popular this season as in the past.

—Conductor Jameson's train over the E & N A. Railway from Oldtown brought 160 passengers to this city yesterday morning, and 164 the previous day. Eleven car loads of freight formed a part of his down train yesterday.

—Some cross walks are greatly needed on Front St., which half the time is nothing but a mire pit. All persons going to and from the steamers must cross this street, and in the present state of affairs must run the risk of losing rubbers and even boots in the sticky mud which disgraces this part of the city.

—The frame of the Wassaumkeag Hotel at Fort Point, is nearly completed. It was made in this city, and a part was taken down river to the site, yesterday. The cellar is completed, and the bricks for the chimnies &c., are on the ground. The hotel will probably be dedicated in June or the first part of July.

—Benjamin Evans, M. D., who died, in Exeter on the 26th inst, in the 82d year of his age, settled in that town in 1816, where he practiced medicine fifty-five years, making his last professional visit but a few days before his death. He was highly esteemed as a skillful physician, a good citizen, and an honest man. He was buried from his late residence on the afternoon of the 28th, inst, his favorite horse "Billy," driven by Mr Wm Champion, (the Dr's. farm manager for nearly thirty years), drawing him to his last resting place, followed by a large circle of relatives and friends.

MEDWAY ITEMS. Medway, is situated at the junction of the East and West branches of the Penobscot, about 70 miles from tide water at Bangor, and 11 miles from the [illegible] is now being [illegible] is building a large house, to be used as a boarding house for the workmen, and will erect, the coming season, an extensive tannery of the same size of the one they own at Winn. The tannery will be built on the same side of the river, just below the saw mill. It will furnish employment for 5 men, will consume annually some 10,000 cords of hemlock bark, and bring into market ten million feet of hemlock lumber. With such an enterprise as this, Medway must soon extend its borders. There is an immense water power here, which only needs capital to develope it, and the place must eventually become of much importance. Our correspondent predicts that a branch railroad from the E & N A will be constructed within five years.

ANOTHER EXTENSIVE FIRE IN CALAIS. Fire broke out about 12 30 o'clock yesterday morning, in the upper part of Frank Williams' building, corner of Main and Union Streets Calais, and extended through the whole block destroying the stores of Frank Williams, J G Beckett, Joseph Kalish, A. H Sawyer, D M Gardiner and Freeman's oyster saloon. The goods in these stores were mostly saved and the insurance will probably cover the losses on the stocks. F A Stoddard's photograph saloon and its contents are a total loss, no insurance. Copeland, Duren & Co's store was saved in a damaged condition. One or two small dwellings were also burned. Some of the buildings destroyed were over thirty years old. Previous to the fire L C Bailey's jewelry store was broken into and plated ware valued at fifty dollars carried off. An unsuccessful attempt was made to break open his safe.

—The gray gelding, then called "American Boy," that astonished horsemen in this vicinity by trotting his mile in 2 27 on the Bangor Park last season has been re-christened Tammany. He is now owned by H N Smith of New York, who lately purchased Gen Knox of Mr Lang. Mr Smith also owns Lady Thorn, 'Tattler,' 'Drift,' and other celebrated trotters. A New York letter says of "Tammany:"

The boys in the stable are very sweet on him as he has already won a race for his new owner having made his debut last fall in New York at Fleetwood Park when he won in three straight heats.

—There is great excitement in Lewiston over this problem: A man sees a squirrel on a tree. He goes round the tree and so does the squirrel just as fast. Does the man ever get round the squirrel?

—The French population of Lewiston is about 2000.

—Superintendent Merritt of the Boston & Maine Railroad informs the Portland Press that there is no truth in the rumor of another joint lease with the Eastern road of the P S & P R R.

—The Journal says that the cotton mills in Lewiston are still running extra hours in the evening—some of them three evenings a week.

—The Pioneer says that a young man named Mechard while engaged in sawing shingles at the mill of Mr Sears at Fort Kent on the night of the 17th inst by some means got his hand caught in the saw and horribly mangled.

—Mr. Joseph Griffin of Brunswick, is engaged in collecting material for his proposed history of the Maine press.

—Maggie Mitchell is coming to Portland.

—Excavations for the foundation of the new Eastern Express buildings in Lewiston have begun.

—The Journal says a deed was executed in Lewiston last week for a consideration of $415 000. The revenue stamps on the document amounted to $4 7 00.

—The Exhibition by the Senior and Junior classes of Bowdoin College, will occur on Monday evening April 3d at Lemont Hall.

—The Journal says that Mr L D Merrow of Auburn recently slaughtered a pair of Hereford steers which weighed on foot 4 10 [illegible], dressed 2404 lb.

—The Journal says an Augusta shop keeper to defend himself from Drummers displays a placard in his show window printed thus: "When more than ten Runners are in this store at one time the proprietor will turn them over to the police."

—One day last week Mrs Penfield Green, of Naples about 60 years of age, received a fall by which one of her arms were broken.

—A little child in Auburn was badly scalded Monday.

—Frederick Higgins while at work in a mill at Georgetown last Saturday caught his hand in the saw and had all the fingers and thumb completely severed.

—S & H A Dutton's store in Ellsworth was entered Thursday of last week through the window, and a few dollars in scrip and about one hundred dollars in goods were stolen, says the American.

—On Tuesday last Washington Hadley of Eden while at work on the schooner A K Woodard fell into the hold and broke his arm.

—The Ellsworth American says that Mr Joshua Foster aged 83, rowed a boat cross handed from his home at Cape Rosier, three and a half miles to Castine and back, for Dr Stevens aged 85, to visit his sister aged 81.

—Brooksville, at its last annual meeting voted to pay a bounty of $5 00 per head, on all wild-cats, loupcerviers, and wolverines, killed within its limits. An attempt was made to include dogs in the list, but it failed.

—Rev Prof L T Townsend, of the Boston Theological Seminary, and Rev G Haven, D D Editor of Zion's Herald, will deliver the Lectures at the Anniversary of the Bucksport Seminary the evenings of the 2d and 3d of May.

—The Press says a large muskrat was caught at the Portland Sugar House the other day, that came through the water pipe from Lake Sebago. It lived two days.

—The Portland Press has been presented with full blown dandelions.

—Gardiner has appropriated $250 for an evening school, to accommodate that class that cannot attend the day schools, and thus are deprived from all schooling.

—Knox county, which for some time has boarded her prisoners in Belfast jail, having no jail of her own, has made arrangements for keeping them in Lincoln county jail at Wiscasset, hereafter, but those serving out sentences will remain at Belfast during their terms.

—The Journal says that a lad found on Saturday last, in Hallowell, under a large stone near Vaughan's Brook, a quantity of clothing, overshoes and mittens, wrapped together in a bundle, and evidently purposely put under the rock for concealment. The articles were identified as being the clothing stolen from entries in Augusta last.

—The trotting mare Susie Mitchell, owned by W. S. Mitchell of Dixfield, has been sold for $1500 to Mr. Ricker, and is probably now "on the road to Brighton."

—Mr. John Clark, of Lebanon, was recently thrown from his wagon and had two ribs broken and another cracked. He is in a very precarious situation.

—The following Post office appointments have been made in Maine: Horace Ford, Biddeford, vice Mrs. C. J. Cowan; G. A. Smith, North New Portland, vice C. B. Knapp, resigned; E. G. Sawyer, North Searsport, [illegible]; [illegible] Wayne, vice Alfred Sawyer deceased; [illegible], North Brooksville, [illegible] resigned; [illegible], vice [illegible].

—The case of Jewett against Gage, decided at Augusta Saturday, has excited a good deal of local interest. A hog belonging to the defendant, a farmer living in the town of Benton, was at large in the highway some years ago, and frightened a horse driven by plaintiff Miss Annette Jewett. Miss Jewett was thrown out of her wagon and injured so seriously that she is still lame. After a trial lasting three days, the jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff, awarding $2888 damages. At the time of the accident it is said the plaintiff's friends offered to settle for $50.

—The Denver, Col, Tribune gives the particulars of the murder on the 8th or 9th inst. by Indians, of four persons of a party of six, on the road from Chihuahua, near Casa Leon Spring. One of them was Charles Sutherland formerly of Co A 10th Maine regiment, who enlisted at Biddeford, and was wounded at Cedar Mountain. The party was a few miles in advance of a provision train en route for Fort Bayard. They were surprised by Apaches and slaughtered with lances. The heads of some of them severed and placed upon the bodies of others, and otherwise horribly mutilated.

—A man named Eben Dow was arrested Monday, in Boston, for obtaining goods under false pretences. He has been in Maine, as is alleged, and purchased provisions on credit, which he ordered to be sent to Boston representing himself in one place to be of the firm of 'Tolman & Dow, Dorchester Market,' in another giving the name of 'Dow & Johnson, Roxbury Market,' and in a third saying that he was Eben Tolman of Quincy Market. He has printed business cards to represent all of these fictitious concerns. He has succeeded in swindling various parties to the amount of about $1000 and will be taken to Maine to answer to charges against him.

—Houlton voted last Monday, to exempt from taxation for a term of ten years from the first day of April, A D 1871, a Woolen Mill and a Cotton Mill at the cost of not less than $10 000 each, a Tannery of the cost of not less than $15,000, and Steam and Water Power Manufacturing Establishments, each of not less cost than $10 000, together with the Real Estate immediately appurtenant provided the same are erected prior to the 1st day of April, 1872.

—Colby University is about to erect a fine stone building for a cabinet and laboratory 56 by 48 feet on the ground, of two stories, the lower story being for laboratory purposes, and the upper story for the cabinet—this last story to be thirty odd feet high, with galleries, cases, and every convenience for exhibiting objects of natural history. The plans and specifications are already completed.

—The Press says a keeper was placed in the Argus office Saturday on a suit commenced against the paper by Mr H N Jose for libel—the damages being laid at $20 000. It is reported that other suits against the Argus are to follow from parties named in connection with Mr Jose, in the articles which gave rise to the suits already commenced against the Argus and John Neal.

—The Argus says that Mr N M Woodman of Portland who fell through a scuttle in his store last week, has regained his senses and though suffering considerably from pains in his side and neck, strong hopes are entertained of his speedy recovery.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL

—The bill to pay members of the Massachusetts Legislature $750 for the session passed to a third reading in the House on Wednesday.

The President has nominated as U S Marshals J N Patterson for New Hampshire, and Logan H Root for the Western District of Arkansas.

An Anti Income Tax Association has been organized in New York city with Judge E Davies as President, Paul N Spofford Treasurer and twenty of the wealthiest merchants and bankers in the city as Vice Presidents.

Theodore Tilton in a letter resigning the Presidency of the Woman's Suffrage Society states his unwillingness to remain at the head of an association whose President should be a woman, not a man.

Kuroda, the Japanese Minister to Prussia with his Secretary arrived in New York city on Wednesday from San Francisco accompanied by thirteen Japanese students three of whom go to Europe to attend school the rest to pursue their studies in this country.

A newspaper correspondent who evidently believes in the motto that "time rectifies all things" says that of the nineteen Senators who voted to screen Andrew Johnson but two now remain in the Senate. Not one either Democrat or Republican has yet been re-elected for the two now in office have not reached the expiration of their term. The Chief Justice whose sympathies were so clearly on the same side is laid aside from his work. It is a remarkable record for three years.

BUSINESS ITEMS

FULL STOCK OF COTTONS, LINENS, PRINTS and Ginghams going cheap at J T RINES & Co's. mch 25 eo lw

Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails and their attendant ills, have been in years gone by and will be in years to come, a source of much discomfort and unhappiness to the sorrowful unfortunates who are pestered and annoyed with them. But by persistent efforts and untiring perseverance, Dr J Briggs gave to suffering humanity his famed remedies—alleviator and curative. The favor and popularity which they have gained and the entire satisfaction derived from their use is well known and can be attested by all classes who have suffered with Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Chilblains, Frosted or Blistered Feet &c. Sold by B F Bradbury, W E Mann, W L Alden & Co, H. H Butler, J F Patten & Co, Blood & Rowe and Druggists generally.

FREE COACH TO THE LYNDE HOTEL is the cry that greets strangers visiting Rockland, and although strenuous exertions are made by persons interested to induce them to go to other houses, they continue to visit the Lynde Hotel and advise their friends to do the same.

HOFFMAN'S GERMAN LINIMENT. Read advertisement of this wonderful medicine, on fourth page. tf

Children whose brain development is unusually large in comparison with the body are most frequently singled out for a premature final resting place. Why is this? Simply because the functions of the body are too frail to supply the waste going on in the brain consequent upon active intelligence. FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES is so prepared that it imparts the vital principle directly to the brain, while it assists in developing a vigorous and robust body.

GOLD COUPONS

Of the Maine Central Railroad Extension Bonds falling due on the first day of April next, will be paid at the WEBSTER NATIONAL BANK, BOSTON.

J. S. CUSHING, Treasurer.

Augusta, March 27, 1871. tap10

GET THE BEST.

Bush's Argentine Hair Dye, long and favorably known to the public, stands peerless and unrivalled. It is the best, quickest, cheapest, the most natural, durable, harmless, and effectual Hair Dye in the world. It colors hair or whiskers Brown or Black instantaneously, and gives them a perfectly natural appearance, and is unattended with any injurious effect. Regular package, with brush and sponge complete, only $1.00. GEORGE C. GOODWIN & CO. Sold by all druggists.

District Court of the United States, District of Maine. IN BANKRUPTCY. In the matter of EPHRAIM COUSINS, Bankrupt. [illegible]

CHORAL FESTIVAL, 1871.

THE CHORUS REHEARSALS for the approaching CHORAL FESTIVAL will commence at CONCERT HALL, on MONDAY EVENING April 3d at 7½ o'clock.

Tickets to members of the Chorus admitting to all Rehearsals and to the Festival $1 00

The Festival will be held on April 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th.

☞ Full particulars will be published in a few days.

F. S. DAVENPORT, Director.

March 28th 1871 1w

MANSION HOUSE,

AUGUSTA MAINE

WM. THAYER Proprietor

This well known and popular Hotel will continue to run FREE COACHES for guests to and from the cars and boats. Passengers on the late trains from Portland and Bangor will find free coaches at the House and warm meals on their arrival at night, and Breakfast served with a free coach for the early trains in the morning for Boston, Portland and Bangor.

Connected with the House is a first class LIVERY STABLE. Also BILLIARD ROOMS, BATH ROOMS, &c. Large and commodious SAMPLE ROOMS free of charge, on Water Street in the center of business.

The Proprietor thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received hopes by personal attention to the wants and comfort of his guests to merit a continuance of the same.

Augusta, Nov 26 1870

THE WORLD-RENOWNED

HOWE

Sewing Machines,

IMPROVED.

THIS MEDALLION IS EMBEDDED IN EVERY GENUINE HOWE SEWING MACHINE

ELIAS HOWE JR. INVENTOR & MAKER NEW YORK U.S.A.

MANUFACTURED BY

THE HOWE MACHINE CO

CALL AND SEE THEM IN OPERATION

BRANCH OFFICE,

No. 4 Gothic Block.

MAIN STREET BANGOR

December 24, 1870 tf

THE DAVIS

SEWING MACHINE.

THE BEST MACHINE IN THE WORLD

Having sold them for more than a year [illegible] I am now offering them to the Ladies of the City and County as the Best Family Machine in use. Some that I have sold have been in use every week day for more than a year and show no wear at all. I take pleasure in offering them [illegible] what they want to do their work. Call and see them at 28 Main St.

No 28 Main Street

B F S PATTEN Agent

Bangor March 1 1871

WHEELER & WILSON

Sewing Machines.

The subscribers have fitted up the Rooms

At 16 Main Street,

where they will keep all kinds of the

BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,

For sale at the manufacturers' price.

THE SUPERIORITY OF THIS MACHINE

Is so well known not only in this country but

Throughout the Whole World,

As to need no especial puffing or comparison with other First Class Machines at our hands.

Terms the most liberal. Instruction furnished at the house if desired.

All old Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines re adjusted FREE OF CHARGE.

Silk Thread, Needles, Oil and Machine Findings for Sale.

READ & STONE,

AGENTS WANTED

For Bangor and vicinity

REMOVED

TO

No 18 East Market Square,

Where we have fitted up a

FIRST CLASS MARKET.

Fresh & Salt Meat,

Poultry & Vegetables,

Fresh and Salt Fish,

Oysster, Clams, and Lobsters

Thankful for past favors we shall endeavor to re[illegible]

York & Randlett.

Bangor, Nov 10, 1870.

Seed Store

REMOVED

To No. 8 PICKERING SQUARE,

Near the Old Dwinel House,

Have now a good supply of Field and Garden Seeds.

Los Nation Seed Wheat

Michigan Seed Oats, and Excelsior Oats.

SEED POTATOES.

Early Rose, King of the Earlies,

Superphosphate of Lime, Rockland Lime.

Also, 17 tons of nice NOVA SCOTIA GRIND STONES, that will be sold cheap to the trade.

No. 8 Pickering Square,

H. G. PRESCOTT.

LOW PRICES!

New Styles!

Look for the Sign of the

Full Dressed Man.

77 Exchange Street,

J. WATERMAN

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

MEN'S CLOTHING,

all grades and Styles. A full and rich line of

BOYS' CLOTHING,

For boys from 4 to 15 years of age and an extensive variety of

YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

Making an assortment which cannot be excelled in the city all of which will be sold

AT SUCH LOW PRICES

To satisfy even the most economical and all who give him a call at

77 Exchange St

J WATERMAN

Bangor March 8th 1871

"Which I Wish to Remark."

ADAMS' GOSSAMER

SPRING STYLE

SILK HAT,

THE

BEST AND MOST STYLISH

[illegible] the

"Broadway or "Trade" Block

Which the same I am Free

[illegible]

At Adam's.

Granite Block, East Market Sqr

Bangor March 14 1871

For Sale.

THE STOCK AND FIXTURES of a small Country and General Variety Store, well located [illegible] P O Box 635, Bangor Maine

GENUINE

SCOTCH OAT MEAL.

[illegible]

J F PATTEN.

Go to Dillingham's

FOR

FANCY GOODS

For Sale.

A GOOD PIANO. For terms &c enquire of J H CROSBY, Hampden Road

Fresh Lot of Prunes

AT

DILLINGHAM'S

Widows & Orphans!

How Many Suffer!

NO NEED OF IT

[illegible] a [illegible] or an annuity in Life

J W HATHAWAY Agent,

NATIONAL LIFE, N Y

HOMŒOPATHIC LIFE

With other First Class Companies.

Office Corner Central and Hammond Sts

BANGOR

[illegible] others give such easy terms. Nothing Lost if only ONE YEARS payment is made.

☞ Females insured same rates

dec13

MOSES WELD'S

CELEBRATED

AXES!

FOR SALE BY

BUTLER & HAYNES.

Sole Agents,

No 25 West Market Square

oct27 eow

For Sale.

THE NEW BARQUE SARAH now lying at Sandy point, 600 tons or thereabouts, strictly first class, built under inspection of American and French Lloyds and classed *A1 for 7 years. Will be sold at a bargain if applied for soon. For particulars inquire of J. W. THOMPSON, Stockton, or H. HARRIMAN, Mutual Insurance Company, Bangor.

jan28 tf

BRET HARTE'S POEMS,

Cloth $150

Maine Register for 1871.

jan20 At CHAS. HIGHTS'

MARCH MAGAZINES

Received at

HIGHT'S Bookstore

feb22

Coal, Coal.

Just received, a cargo of

CUMBERLAND and BLACKSMITH COAL,

and a hundred tons of nice

STOVE COAL,

Which I will sell at the lowest market prices.

M SCHWARTZ.

Bangor Nov 29th 1870

Bangor and Piscataquis R. R. Co.

The semi-annual coupons due April first next, on the bonds issued by the City of Bangor in aid of the Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad, will be paid at the Second National Bank Boston, and at the office of the Company in Bangor.

S. D. THURSTON, Treasurer.

Bangor, March 13, 1871.

NOTICE.

We offer for sale cheap a wholesale PEDDLER CART with winter and summer gear, and a set of Double Harnesses. If not sold we would make an arrangement with some responsible party to run it through the season, on any route they may [illegible].

LEON & [illegible]

mar21 [illegible]

THE TIDE.

The moon at her full, and, riding high,
Floods the calm fields with light,
The airs that hover in the summer sky
Are [illegible] to-night.

[illegible] from the great woodlands
[illegible]
[illegible] of the [illegible]
[illegible] shadow of their boughs the ground
[illegible] still than they

[illegible] Deep,
[illegible]
[illegible] hammering billows leap
[illegible]

[illegible] upward climbing toward the
[illegible] high
[illegible] to where
[illegible] waters lie

[illegible] the monstrous show
[illegible] crest
[illegible] fatal weight [illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible] until the [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] fresh [illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible] rush from that recess
[illegible] soon
[illegible] with unavailing stress
[illegible] moon

[illegible] thy prison here
[illegible] complain
[illegible] yearning to be near
[illegible]

[illegible] light and heat must warm
[illegible] glow
[illegible] waves [illegible] form
[illegible]

[illegible]

ALL SORTS AND SIZES

[illegible]

[illegible] Moltke [illegible]

[illegible] prize fighters—pound [illegible]

[illegible] tons of hydrate of [illegible]

[illegible] forty [illegible]

[illegible] New York boasts of [illegible]

[illegible] Mark Twain's [illegible]

[illegible] Pythian Sisterhood [illegible] started

[illegible] professor [illegible] of self defence

[illegible] at the summit of Mount Washington will remain until May

[illegible] six hundred pounds was [illegible]

[illegible] Blacksmith could be placed [illegible]

[illegible] with the orbit [illegible] company

[illegible] Khedive's [illegible] their respective countries

[illegible] school in Louisiana has [illegible] his pupils because they [illegible] Southern history [illegible]

[illegible] New York has [illegible] household furniture [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] New Orleans which [illegible]

[illegible] St Louis [illegible] Washington

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] "will you take my arm?" asked [illegible] "Yes, and you too," said [illegible] the bachelor [illegible] my motto is to [illegible] at all

King's Chapel, Boston, was built of granite [illegible] from Quincy, and the legislature at the [illegible] ordered that no stone should be taken from the ledge for any other [illegible] until the church was completed, fearing that the supply might be exhausted

[illegible] was recently buried alive in a [illegible] feet below the surface, in [illegible] Kansas He remained in that [illegible] days and nights with no food [illegible] space enough to keep him [illegible] the light

[illegible] Napoleon [illegible] England [illegible] the marriage of Princess [illegible] does it appear that he was invited [illegible] He probably congratulates himself [illegible] the fact that some day when he marries [illegible] the young Imperial he will be able to [illegible] the compliment

A Western paper in an article on "The [illegible] of Stupidity," expresses the conviction that it is a very respectable thing to be [illegible] Check goes a good way with some [illegible] but when the question is one of [illegible] gives us that luxuriant of [illegible] conversation—dignified [illegible]

It is a rather noticeable fact that while Major Jack Downing, Artemus Ward, Miles O'Reilly, Doesticks, Shillaber, Orpheus C Kerr, Lowell and others of our early American humorists, came from the Eastern States, and in most cases from New England, the funny men of the present generation are almost all from the West Nasby hails from Ohio, while Bret Harte, Mark Twain and John Phenix (Webb,) though originally from the Atlantic States, developed their humor [illegible] California

A [illegible] It may surprise [illegible] to know that the oleander so [illegible] as a house and garden plant is [illegible] Dr [illegible] Wright in a communication to the Bellefontaine (O) Republican says that he was called to attend a [illegible] who had eaten some small fragments of an oleander bush that had [illegible] The symptoms were sudden and violent, and the result nearly fatal Deathly prostration, sunken eyes, great pallor, incessant vomiting, extreme thirst, and purging, were the predominating symptoms

The Song Garden.

Annual Sale 40'000 Copies.

A series of Music Books adapted to Schools of all grades Each book complete in itself

By Dr LOWELL MASON

The Song Garden *First Book* For beginners, with a variety of easy and pleasing songs 50 cts

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mar25 2tawd&w10

DR. FLETCHER'S DEVOTIONAL FAMILY BIBLE.

FRANCIS SMART, AGENT for Dr. Fletcher's Family Bible is in the city and will call upon our citizens to solicit subscription.

mar15 1mod*

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

House and Stable with large lot in Newport Village.

The buildings are in good repair, beautifully shaded, with good well of water and cistern, and conveniently constructed Also about 130 acres of land a little out of the village with good barn on the same, orchard sufficient for a family, and about fifty grafted trees set last Spring

Will sell the whole, or in parcels to suit purchasers Terms easy Enquire of

E. WALKER, Newport, Me.

Newport, March 20th 1871 3tw1w

To the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Penobscot

The undersigned, administrator of the estate of Orlando F Sawtelle, late of Bangor in said County deceased respectfully represents that the goods and chattels rights and credits of said deceased are not sufficient to pay his just debts and charges of administration

Wherefore your petitioner prays your Honor to grant him a license to sell at public or private sale and convey an undivided half part of the lot of land with the buildings thereon situate in said Bangor on the Easterly side of [illegible] Street [illegible] tenement of a [illegible] Street and the [illegible] on which it stands, and being the same [illegible] which was conveyed to said Sawtelle by [illegible] Lewis [illegible] said Lewis to Stillman [illegible] Archer and said Orlando F Sawtelle [illegible] the real estate of the deceased, (including the reversion of the widow's dower therein) to satisfy said debts, expenses of sale, and charges of administration

Said real estate is the same described in a Deed recorded in the Registry of Deeds of said County Vol 402, page 9

A F SIMPSON

Feb 28th 1871

STATE OF MAINE

PENOBSCOT ss Court of Probate February Term A D 1871

Upon the foregoing petition Ordered That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of the petition and this order thereon to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier a newspaper printed in Bangor in said County that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held [illegible] in said Bangor on the last Tuesday in March next at ten of the clock in the forenoon and shew cause if any they have why the prayer of said petition should not be granted

JOHN E GODFREY Judge

Attest AMBROSE C FLINT Register

A true copy—Attest

mar7 d1aw AMBROSE C FLINT Register

Notice of Foreclosure.

Whereas William Murray of Plymouth in Penobscot County on the second day of April, A D 1864 conveyed to me in mortgage a certain parcel of land in Newport in said county containing about twenty [illegible] described as follows [illegible] Beginning on the west line of the road leading from [illegible] corner in Newport, to said Plymouth on the north bank of Martin Stream at low water mark thence [illegible] by said west line of said road [illegible] thence westerly parallel with the south line [illegible] Smith lot [illegible] low water mark on the northerly bank of said stream thence southeasterly by said stream to the place of beginning as will more fully appear by said mortgage [illegible] recorded in Penobscot Registry of Deeds Vol [illegible] page 169

Now the conditions of said mortgage having been broken I hereby give notice of my intention to foreclose the same

JOHN DOW

By his Attorney GEO W WHITNEY

Newport March 18th 1871 mar21 3w

Caution.

My wife Mary Moran, having left my bed and board without justifiable cause All persons are hereby forbid to harbor or trust her on my account I shall pay no debts of her contracting

JAMES MORAN

Bangor March [illegible], 1871 1w*

AUCTION.

The following described merchandise having been seized in the District of Bangor for alleg[illegible] the [illegible] laws of the United States will be sold at Public Auction at the Custom House on TUESDAY, April [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock A M [illegible] Brandy [illegible] Cigars [illegible] bottles Brandy [illegible] Whiskey [illegible] Rum [illegible] Shawls [illegible] Gloves [illegible] Silk Velvet [illegible]

W P WINGATE Collector

Custom House District of Bangor

Mar [illegible] 1871 [illegible]

"Attention the Whole" ! ! !

For a [illegible] Cough

Use Mann's Pulmonary Elixir

For the Itch and other kindred diseases

Use Mann's Lagrange's Itch Ointment

For Scratches on Horses

USE MANN'S SPECIFIC OINTMENT

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &

USE MANN'S RHEUMATIC LINIMENT

For Pin Worms [illegible]

USE MANN'S WORM ELIXIR

For [illegible] Dyspepsia

USE MANN'S CATHARTIC PILLS

Sold [illegible] by **W. L. MANN** and [illegible] Druggists and Family [illegible]

Jan [illegible] 1wd&wly mar7

New Carpets!

J LOVEJOY & SONS

[illegible]

Best English Carpeting,

[illegible]

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS

IN

Wilton, Brussels, and Tapestry.

ALSO,

Three Ply, Kidderminster, and Low Priced

Carpets & Oil Cloths

All [illegible] LATEST and [illegible] styles

NEW GOODS

Constantly received throughout the season

J LOVEJOY & SONS,

14 Summer Street, [illegible] Boston

mh1 [illegible]w&s2w&4t12

Patent Roller Chafing Iron,

FOR CARRIAGES,

For sale by hardware dealers

[illegible] the best Chafe Iron that ever I used

[illegible] Woodard [illegible] Exchange

No good carriage should ever go out of the shop without them

[illegible] SARGENT

I like it very much

O M SHAW, Bangor House

I like it better than the Patent [illegible] you [illegible] my name in recommending it

HENRY F MCLAUGHLIN Franklin House

It is a big thing

FRED A [illegible] Exchange

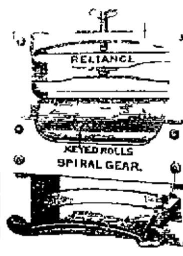
Price $3.00.

D W STORER,

[illegible] 1aw At the [illegible] Office

Reliance Wringer,

IMPROVED.



Moulton roll

White Rub

ber Spiral

Cogs Easy

working His

curved clamp

Fits any Tub

The Best

The cheapest

TRY IT

PROVIDENCE TOOL CO,

29 Beekman St N Y | Providence, R I

July 15 1870 3m&wly

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT ss Court of Probate February Term, A D 1871

JOEL M DAVIS, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Sabrina Sanborn, late of Dexter in said County, deceased having presented the same for Probate,

ORDERED That said Executor give public notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in The Bangor Weekly Courier a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have why the same should not be proved, approved, and allowed as the Last Will and Testament of said deceased

JOHN E GODFREY, Judge

A true copy—Attest

3 AMBROSE C FLINT Register

Executrix' Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned that she has been duly appointed and has taken upon herself the trust of an Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of

ISAIAH H COFFIN, late of Bangor,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased by giving bond as the law directs She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon to present the same for settlement to her

ELIZABETH N COFFIN

February 28, 1871 9

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss Court of Probate, February Term A D 1871

CHARLES W PRESCOTT, Executor of the Will of Hobart Dennis, late of Dixmont, in said County, deceased, having presented his Account for settlement,

ORDERED, That said Accountant give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order, to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in March next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

9. AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

STATEMENT

OF

Hanover Fire Insurance Co.

OF NEW YORK.

For year ending December 31st, 1870.

Capital Stock actually paid in,	$400,000 00
Gross amount of assets at their cash value,	700,331 64
Liabilities for claims already incurred, as adjusted or unadjusted,	19,687 14
Amount required to re-insure outstanding risks	246 106 39
Surplus of assets as regards policy holders	6[illegible],647 50
Surplus of assets as regards Stock holders	404,541 11
Total income during year from all sources,	507 456 16
Total expenditures including losses—during year	523,411 29
Total amount of risks in force at close of year	[illegible] 25
Total amount of Risks in force in Maine at close of year	[illegible] 00

B S WALCOTT, President

I REMSEN LANE, Secretary

DUDLEY & DOLLIVER, Ag'ts

mar11 [illegible]

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed by the Third Session of the forty first Congress

[PUBLIC—No 8]

AN ACT making an appropriation for the contingent fund of the House of Representatives.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for miscellaneous items under the head of contingent expenses of the House of Representatives

Approved February [illegible]

[PUBLIC—No 11]

AN ACT granting pensions to certain soldiers and sailors of the war of eighteen hundred and twelve, and the widows of deceased soldiers

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place on the pension roll the names of the surviving officers and enlisted and drafted men, including militia and volunteers, of the military and naval service of the United States, who served sixty days in the war with Great Britain of eighteen hundred and twelve and were honorably discharged and such other officers and soldiers as may have been personally named in any resolution of Congress for any specific service in said war although their term of service may have been less than sixty days and who at no time during the late rebellion against the authority of the United States adhered to the cause of the enemies of the government giving them aid and comfort or exercised the functions of any office whatever under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States, and who shall take and subscribe an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and the surviving widows of such officers and enlisted and drafted men [illegible] that such widows shall have been married prior to the treaty of peace which terminated said war to an officer or enlisted or drafted man who served as aforesaid in said war and shall not have remarried

SEC [illegible] And be it further enacted That this act shall not apply to any person who is receiving a pension at the rate of eight dollars or more per month, nor to any person receiving a pension of less than eight dollars per month except for the difference between the pension [illegible] and eight dollars per month [illegible] at the rate of eight dollars per month except as herein provided [illegible] when a person is receiving a pension of less than eight dollars per month [illegible] be paid to [illegible] herein [illegible] during the term of their natural lives

SEC [illegible] And be it further enacted That before the name of any person shall be placed upon the pension roll under this act proof shall be made under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe that the applicant is entitled to a pension under the provisions of this act and any person who shall falsely take any oath required to be taken under the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of perjury and the Secretary of the Interior shall cause to be stricken from the pension roll the name of any person whenever it shall appear by proof satisfactory to him that such name was put upon such roll through false or fraudulent [illegible] as to the right of such person to a pension under the provisions of this act The loss of certificate of discharge shall not deprive the applicant of the benefits of this act, but other proof of services performed and of an honorable discharge if satisfactory shall be deemed sufficient

SEC 4 And be it further enacted That the provisions of section two of the act [illegible] supplementary to An act to grant pensions, approved July four eighteen hundred and sixty four, and [illegible] An act supplementary to several acts relating to pensions, approved [illegible] eighteen hundred and sixty six shall be applicable to the pensions granted by this act

Approved [illegible]

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No 1]

JOINT RESOLUTION to [illegible] the circuit and district courts of [illegible]

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the [illegible] section of the act approved July [illegible] eighteen hundred and seventy [illegible] for the circuit and district courts of the United States and for other purposes [illegible] be and the same is hereby repealed [illegible]

Approved December [illegible] 1870

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No 1]

A RESOLUTION to authorize the restoration of Benjamin S Richards [illegible] of the Navy

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be and he is authorized by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint Ensign Benjamin S Richards a master on the active list of the navy to date from the twenty sixth day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty nine, with the pay of that grade from that date

Approved January 10 1871

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No 3]

JOINT RESOLUTION providing for publishing specifications and drawings of Patent office

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the publication of the abstracts of specifications and of the engravings heretofore accompanying the annual report of the Commissioner of Patents be discontinued after the publication of that portion of the report for eighteen hundred and sixty nine for which the plates have already been prepared and that in lieu thereof the Commissioner be authorized to have printed for gratuitous distribution not to exceed one hundred and fifty copies of the complete specifications and drawings of each patent subsequently issued together with suitable indexes to be issued from time to time one copy to be placed for free public inspection in each capitol of every State and Territory one for the like purpose in the clerk's office of district court of each judicial district of the United States except when such offices are located in State or territorial capitals and one in the library of Congress which copies shall be taken and received in all courts as evidence of all matters therein contained and shall be certified to under the hand of the Commissioner and seal of the Patent Office, and shall be taken and received in all courts as evidence, said copies not to be taken from said depositories for any other purpose than to be used as evidence, and the Commissioner of Patents is hereby authorized and directed to have printed such additional numbers of copies of specifications and drawings, certified as hereinbefore provided, at a price not to exceed the contract price for said drawings to sale as may be warranted by the actual demand for the same, and the Commissioner is also hereby authorized to furnish a complete set of such specifications and drawings to any public library which will pay for binding the same into volumes to correspond with those in the Patent Office and for the transportation of the same and which shall also provide proper custody for the same, with convenient access for the public thereto, under such regulations as the Commissioner shall deem reasonable And provided, also, That all contracts for making copies of drawings shall be made under the provisions of chapter one hundred and fifty five section nine, of act of Congress approved June twenty five eighteen hundred and sixty four, which reads as follows "SEC 9 And be it further enacted That all lithographing and engraving where the probable total cost of the maps or plates illustrating or accompanying any one work exceeds two hundred and fifty dollars, shall be awarded to the lowest and best bidder for the interests of the Government due regard being paid to the execution of the work, after due advertisement by the Superintendent of Public Printing under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing Provided, That the Joint Committee on Public Printing be authorized to empower the Superintendent of Public Printing to make immediate contracts for engraving whenever, in their opinion, the exigencies of the public service will not justify waiting for advertisement and award

Approved, January 11, 1871

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 4]

A RESOLUTION authorizing the appointment of commissioners in relation to the Republic of Dominica

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be authorized to appoint three commissioners, and also a secretary the latter to be versed in the English and Spanish languages, to proceed to the island of San Domingo, and to such other places, if any, as such commissioners may deem necessary, and there to inquire into, ascertain, and report the political state and condition of the republic of Dominica, the probable number of inhabitants, and the desire and disposition of the people of the said republic to become annexed to and to form part of the people of the United States the physical, mental, and moral condition of the said people, and their general condition as to material wealth and industrial capacity, the resources of the country, its mineral and agricultural products, the products of its waters and forests, the general character of the soil, the extent and proportion thereof capable of cultivation, the climate and health of the country, its bays, harbors, and rivers, its general meteorological character, and the existence and frequency of remarkable meteorological phenomena, the debt of the government and its obligations, whether funded, and ascertained, and admitted, or unadjusted and under discussion; treaties or engagements with other powers, extent of boundaries and territory—what proportion is covered by foreign claimants or by grants or concessions, and generally what concessions or franchises have been granted, with the names of the respective grantees, the terms and conditions on which the Dominican government may desire to be annexed to and become part of the United States as one of the Territories thereof; such other information with respect to the said government or its territories as to the said commissioners shall seem desirable or important with reference to the future incorporation of the said Dominican republic into the United States as one of its territories.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That the said commissioners shall, as soon as conveniently may be, report to the President of the United States, who shall lay the report before Congress.

SEC. 3. And be it further resolved, That the said commissioners shall serve without compensation, except the payment of expenses, and the compensation of the secretary shall be determined by the Secretary of State, with the approval of the President Provided, That nothing in these resolutions contained shall be held, understood, or construed as committing Congress to the policy of annexing the territory of said republic of Dominica.

Approved, January 12, 1871.

[PUBLIC—No 13]

AN ACT for the relief of the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe of Indians, in the State of Wisconsin

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the two townships of land, situated in the county of Shawanaw, and State of Wisconsin, set apart for the use of the Stockbridge and Munsee tribe of Indians, shall, under direction of the Secretary of the Interior, be examined and appraised, by two or more disinterested appraisers to be selected by him in eighty acre lots according to public survey, such appraisal shall state the quality of the soil, the quantity, quality and value of the timber growing on each lot, estimating the pine timber at not less than one dollar per thousand and the value of all improvements, if any, made thereon with the name of the owner of such improvements, as certified by the sachem and council of said tribe and when returned to the land office of the district in which said lands are situated be subject to public inspection for at least thirty days before the day appointed for the sale of such lands as hereinafter provided One copy of said appraisal shall be made and returned to the land office of the district and a duplicate thereof to the Secretary of the Interior, within six months from the passage of this act and the person appointed to make such appraisal shall be allowed such compensation for their services as may be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior

SEC 2 And be it further enacted, that the said two townships of land shall be advertised for sale by notice of not less than three months, to be published in at least three newspapers of the district having general circulation, and shall be offered at public auction at the nearest Government land office within the Green Bay agency to the highest bidder, in lots of not exceeding eighty acres each, but shall not be sold for less than the appraised value thereof None of said lands shall be subject to entry until they shall have been offered as aforesaid and then only at the price fixed by such appraisal All of said lands remaining unsold at the expiration of one year after they shall have been offered as aforesaid shall be again advertised and offered at public auction at the nearest government land office within the Green Bay agency at not less than the minimum of one dollar and twenty five cents per acre, and thereafter shall be subject to private entry at the latter price and shall in all cases be sold for cash only Provided however That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to reserve from sale a quantity of said lands not exceeding eighteen contiguous sections embracing such as are now actually occupied and improved and are best adapted to agricultural purposes subject to allotment to members of the Indian party of said tribe as hereinafter provided

SEC 3 And be it further enacted That from the first proceeds of the sale of lands, as provided in the second section of this act shall be paid the expenses of appraisal and sale of said lands, the amount due to individuals for improvements as returned by the appraisers, and the amount of the debts incurred by the sachem and councillors for the benefit of said tribes amounting to the sum of eleven thousand dollars according to a schedule to be certified by them and returned to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs

SEC 4 And be it further enacted That, immediately after the returns shall be received at the general land office of the last public sale according to the provisions of this act, a statement shall be made up under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior exhibiting the gross amount of moneys realized from the sale of the said two townships of land after deducting therefrom the sums appropriated by the preceding sections of this act to which said amount shall be added the value of the lands remaining unsold of said two townships, estimating the same at sixty cents per acre also the sum of six thousand dollars held in trust by the government of the United States for the use of the Stockbridge and Munsee tribes of Indians under the treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty nine and the total amount thereof shall constitute the entire sum of money due from the government of the United States to the said Stockbridge and Munsee tribes of Indians to be paid and appropriated for their benefit as hereinafter directed

SEC 5 And be it further enacted That the sum [illegible] the said tribe shall be divided [illegible] into [illegible] portions of said [illegible] the number of each respectively [illegible] rolls [illegible] in conformity with the provisions of this act to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs That portion of said sum belonging to the citizen party shall be equally divided among them per capita and paid to the heads of families, and adult members of said party the portion of said sum belonging to the Indian party shall be placed to their credit on the books of the Treasurer of the United States and bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum payable semi-annually and said interest shall be applied to the support of schools, the purchase of agricultural implements or paid in such other manner as the President may direct Provided however That a part of said sum due the Indian party, not exceeding thirty thousand dollars may on the request of the sachem and councillors of said tribe, be expended in securing a new location for said tribe and in removing and aiding them to establish themselves in their new home and in case of their procuring and removing to such new location at any time the sixteen [illegible] sections of land reserved for their use by the second section of this act shall be sold in the manner therein provided and the proceeds thereof be placed to their credit as aforesaid

SEC 6 And be it further enacted That for the purpose of determining the persons who are members of said tribe and the future relation of each to the government of the United States there shall be prepared under the direction of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, or such person as may be selected by him to superintend the same two rolls one to be denominated the citizen roll to embrace the names of all such persons of full and mixed bloods as signify their desire to separate their relations with said tribe and to become citizens of the United States, the other to be denominated the Indian roll and to embrace the names of all such as desire to retain their tribal character and continue under the care and guardianship of the United States which said rolls shall be signed by the sachem and councillors of said tribe and certified by the person superintending the same and returned to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and no person shall be entered upon the citizen roll without his or her full and free consent, personally given to the person superintending the same and if [illegible] no person shall be entered upon [illegible] either of said rolls who may have heretofore separated from said tribe and received allotment of lands under the act of Congress for the relief of the Stockbridge tribe of Indians of March third eighteen hundred and forty three and amendment of August six eighteen hundred and forty six, or under the treaty of February five eighteen hundred and fifty six or who shall not be of Stockbridge or Munsee descent After the said rolls shall be made and returned as herein provided [illegible] shall be held as a full surrender and relinquishment on the part of the citizen party, each and every one of them of all claims to be thereafter known or considered as members of said tribe or in any manner interested in any provision heretofore or hereafter to be made by any treaty or law of the United States for the benefit of said tribe and they and their descendants shall thenceforth be admitted to all the rights and privileges of citizens of the United States

SEC 7 And be it further enacted That after the said rolls shall have been made and returned the said Indian party shall thenceforth be known as the Stockbridge tribe of Indians and may be located upon lands reserved by the second section of this act or such other reservation as may be procured for them, with the consent of the council of said tribe and their adoption among them of any individual not of Indian descent shall be null and void

SEC 8 And be it further enacted That as soon as practicable after a suitable and permanent reservation shall be obtained and accepted by said tribe either at their present home or elsewhere, the same shall under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior be surveyed and subdivided to correspond with the public surveys, and the council of said tribe under the superintendence of the agent of the United States shall make a just and fair allotment of so much thereof (in compact form) as may be required among the individuals and families composing said tribe as follows Each head of a family consisting of four persons shall receive eighty acres of land, and if consisting of more than four persons at the discretion of the council eighty acres more, may be assigned to him or her, each male person above the age of eighteen years, not included in any family, shall receive eighty acres and female person above the age of eighteen years, not a member of any family, and each orphan child shall receive forty acres the lands assigned and allotted as aforesaid shall be held inalienable, and in case of the death of any person his or her right thereto shall descend to his or her heirs if members of said tribe and if he or she dies without heirs capable of inheriting the land shall revert to and become the common property of said tribe, there shall also be set apart and appropriated a lot not exceeding forty acres to be held as common property on which to erect a church, parsonage, school house, and other improvements necessary for the accommodation of said tribe Provided That if any female shall marry out of said tribe she shall thereby forfeit all right to hold any of said lands as if deceased

SEC 9 And be it further enacted, That the allotments contemplated in the previous sections of this act shall be made, and a certified copy thereof returned to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, within one year after the reservation shall have been made and accepted by said tribe and thereafter the title of the lands described therein shall be held by the United States in trust for individuals and their heirs to whom the same were allotted. The surplus lands embraced in such reservation remaining after making such allotments shall be held in like manner by the United States, subject to be allotted to individuals of said tribe who may not have received any portion of said reservation, or to be disposed of for the common benefit of said tribe Provided That no change or addition shall be made in the allotment returned to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs unless the same shall be approved by the Secretary of the Interior

J G BLAINE,

Speaker of the House of Representatives

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate

Received by the President January 25, 1871

[NOTE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE —The foregoing act having been presented to the President of the United States for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the house of Congress in which it originated within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, has become a law without his approval]

[PUBLIC—No 10]

AN ACT for the relief of Arnton Smith

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That Arnton Smith have leave to make a new application to the Commissioner of Patents for the extension of the letters patent granted to him for an improvement in plows on the sixteenth day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, for fourteen years from said date, in the same manner as he could have done at least ninety days before the expiration of said patent, and that the Commissioner of Patents be authorized to consider and determine said application in the same manner, and with the same effect, as if it had been filed ninety days before the expiration of said patent Provided, That any such extension of said patent shall not affect the rights to continue to use such improvement in plows of any person who, since the sixteenth day of January, eighteen hundred and sixty nine, and prior to the approval of this act, may have procured, and at the time of such approval shall be using, said improvement in plows

Approved, January 31, 1871.

[PUBLIC—No. 11.]

AN ACT to pay two companies of Oregon volunteers

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of Congress entitled "An act to authorize the Secretary of War to settle and adjust the expenses of the Rogue river Indian war," approved the seventeenth of July, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, be, and the same is hereby, extended to the two companies of Oregon volunteers, commanded by Captains Jesse Walker and Nathan Olney, called into service to suppress Indian hostilities in Oregon in eighteen hundred and fifty-four.

J. G. BLAINE,

Speaker of the House of Representatives,

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.

Received by the President January 21, 1871.

[NOTE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE —The foregoing act having been presented to the President of the United States for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the house of Congress in which it originated within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, has become a law without his approval.]

[PUBLIC—No 2]

AN ACT granting to the Utah Central Railroad Company a right of way through the public lands for the construction of a railroad and telegraph.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of way through the public lands be, and the same is hereby, granted to the Utah Central Railroad Company a corporation created under the laws of the legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah, its successors and assigns, for the construction of a railroad and telegraph from a point at or near Ogden City, in the Territory of Utah, to Salt Lake City, in said Territory, and the right, power and authority is hereby given to said corporation to take from the public lands adjacent to the line of said road material of earth, stone timber, and so forth, for the construction thereof Said way is granted to said railroad to the extent of two hundred feet in width on each side of said railroad where it may pass through the public domain including all necessary ground for station buildings work-shops, depots, machine shops switches side tracks turn tables and water-stations Provided That within three months from the passage of this act the said Utah Central Railroad Company shall file with the Secretary of the Interior a map to be approved by him, exhibiting the line of the railroad of said company, as the same has been located and constructed Provided further That said company shall not charge the Government higher rates than they do individuals for like transportation and telegraphic service And it shall be the duty of the Utah Central Railroad Company to permit any other railroad which has been or shall be authorized to be built by the United States, or by the legislature of the Territory of Utah, to form running connections with its road on fair and equitable terms

SEC 2 And be it further enacted That the United States make the grants herein, and that the said Utah Central Railroad Company accepts the same upon the express condition that the said company shall not exercise the power given by section ten of chapter sixty [illegible] of the laws of the Territory of Utah approved February nineteenth eighteen hundred and sixty nine, and upon the further express condition that if the said company make any breach of the conditions hereof then in such case at any time hereafter, the United States, by its Congress may do any and all acts and things which may be needful and necessary for the enforcement of such conditions

SEC 3 And be it further enacted, That said Utah Central Railroad shall be a post route and a military road subject to the use of the United States for postal military naval, and all other Government service, and also subject to such regulations as Congress may impose, restricting the charge for such Government transportation

SEC 4 And be it further enacted That the acceptance of the terms, conditions, and impositions of this act, by the said Utah Central Railroad Company shall be signified in writing under the corporate seal of said company, duly executed pursuant to the direction of its board of directors first had and obtained, which acceptance shall be made within three months after the passage of this act and shall be served on the President of the United States [illegible] that such acceptance and service shall not [illegible] this grant shall be void

SEC 5 And be it further enacted That Congress may at any time having due regard for the rights of said Utah Central Railroad Company add to, alter amend, or repeal this act

Approved, December 1 1870

[PUBLIC—No 3]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to reduce internal taxes and for other purposes," approved July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of section twenty one of the act to reduce internal taxes and for other purposes approved July fourteen eighteen hundred and seventy, as relates to sugar, be amended so that it will read—

On all sugar not above number seven Dutch standard in color one and three quarter cents per pound

On all sugar above number seven and not above number ten Dutch standard in color, two cents per pound

On all sugar above number ten and not above number thirteen, Dutch standard in color two and one quarter cents per pound

On all sugar above number thirteen, and not above number sixteen, Dutch standard in color two and three quarter cents per pound

On all sugar above number sixteen, and not above number twenty, Dutch standard in color, three and one quarter cents per pound

On all sugar above number twenty, Dutch standard in color and on all refined loaf lump, crushed powdered and granulated sugar four cents per pound Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall, by regulation, prescribe and require that samples from packages of sugar shall be taken by the proper officers in such manner as to ascertain the true quality of such sugar and the weights of sugar imported In casks or boxes shall be marked distinctly by the custom house weigher by scoring the figures indelibly on each package And provided further, That all sirup of sugar, sirup of sugar cane juice melada concentrated melada or concentrated molasses entered under the name of molasses shall be forfeited to the United States

Approved December [illegible] 1870

[PUBLIC—No 4]

AN ACT in relation to certain territorial penitentiaries

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the penitentiary which has been or may hereafter be erected by the United States in any organized Territory thereof shall when the same is ready for the reception of convicts be placed under the care and control of the marshal of the United States for the Territory or District in which such penitentiary may be situated

SEC [illegible] And be it further enacted That it is hereby made the duty of the Attorney General of the United States to prescribe all needful rules and regulations for the government of such penitentiary and to furnish [illegible] having charge thereof [illegible] to be duly and faithfully executed and observed [illegible] of such marshal and [illegible] for their services under this act and such regulations shall be fixed by the Attorney General and the expense incident to the subsistence and employment of all persons against the laws of the United States who have been or may hereafter be sentenced to imprisonment in such penitentiary shall be charged to and paid out of the fund for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned and of prosecutions for offences committed against the United States Provided That this act shall not be construed to affect the maximum compensation now allowed by law to those officers

SEC [illegible] And be it further enacted That any person convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction in a Territory for a violation of the laws thereof and sentenced to imprisonment may at the cost of such Territory, on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by such rules and regulations be received and subsisted, and employed in such penitentiary during the term of his or her imprisonment in the same manner as if he or she had been convicted of an offence against the laws of the United States

Approved, January 10, 1871

[PUBLIC—No 6]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the national debt"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the amount of bonds authorized by the act approved July fourteen eighteen hundred and seventy entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the national debt" to be issued bearing five per centum interest per annum be, and the same is, increased to five hundred millions of dollars and the interest of any portion of the bonds issued under said act or this act may at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, be made payable quarter yearly Provided however That this act shall not be construed to authorize any increase of the total amount of bonds provided for by the act to which this act is an amendment

Approved, January 20 1871

[PUBLIC—No 7]

AN ACT for the relief of Pierpont Seymour, of East Bloomfield New York

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the Commissioner of Patents is hereby authorized and required to hear and decide the application of Pierpont Seymour, of East Bloomfield, in the State of New York for an extension of the letters-patent granted to him by the United States on the twenty fourth day of July eighteen hundred and fifty five, for an improvement in seed planters, or grain drills and shall have power to extend said patent for the term of seven years with the same effect that such extension might have been granted had the said Pierpont Seymour made application for such extension, and paid the fees required by law, within the time prescribed by law upon the notice and under the regulations prescribed by law and the rules of the Patent Office Provided That no damages shall be collected of any person for an infringement of said patent between the time of the expiration of said patent and the time of the renewal of the same

Approved, January 25, 1871

[PUBLIC—No 8]

AN ACT making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy-two

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and seventy-two

For army invalid pensions, and for furnishing artificial limbs or apparatus for resection, or commutation therefor, as provided by acts of April twenty four, eighteen hundred and sixteen, May thirteen, eighteen hundred and forty six, July fourteen, eighteen hundred and sixty two, June six, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, July twenty seven, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and July eleven, eighteen hundred and seventy, nine million five hundred and fifty thousand dollars

For revolutionary pensions, and pensions of widows, children, and mothers, fathers, brothers, and sisters of soldiers, as provided by acts of March eighteen, eighteen hundred and eighteen, May fifteen, eighteen hundred and twenty eight, June seven, eighteen hundred and thirty two, July four, eighteen hundred and thirty six, July seven, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, March three, eighteen hundred and forty three, June seventeen eighteen hundred and forty four, February twenty, eighteen hundred and forty seven, February two, July twenty one, and July twenty-nine, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, February three, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, June three, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, July fourteen and seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty two, June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty four, July twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and July twenty seven eighteen hundred and sixty eight, and for compensation to the pension agents and expenses of the agencies, and fees for preparing vouchors and administering oaths, nineteen million dollars

For navy invalid pensions, including the compensation to pension agents, expenses of the several agencies, and fees for preparing vouchers and administering oaths, and for furnishing artificial limbs or apparatus for resection, or commutation therefor, as provided by acts of April twenty-three, eighteen hundred, February twenty, eighteen hundred and forty-seven; August eleven, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; April five, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, July fourteen and seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty-two; June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-four; June six and July twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, July twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight; June seventeen, June thirty, July eight and July eleven, eighteen hundred and seventy, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars

For navy pensions of widows, children, mothers, fathers, brothers, and sisters of sailors and marines, as provided by acts of August eleven, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; July fourteen, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, July twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six and July twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, [illegible] hundred and fifty thousand dollars; Provided, That the appropriations for navy pensions be paid out of the navy pension fund.

Approved, January 30, 1871.

DR. HOFFMAN'S

CELEBRATED

GERMAN LINIMENT

Is pronounced by all who use it as the

BEST IN THE MARKET.

It is prepared for Internal as well as External use and can be used on man or beast in more cases and with better results than any other now before the public It is

CELEBRATED

For its magic in curing

Catarrh, Asthma,

Whooping Cough,

Influenza, Coughs,

Colds, Diphtheria,

Sore Throat,

Spitting of Blood

Spinal Complaints, Cholera Morbus, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dysentery,

Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowels and Side.

In Consumption,

We do not claim that it will cure it, but we do claim that it taken in [illegible] it will [illegible] even

[illegible] FOR

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Earache, Toothache, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Cuts, &c,

IT IS UNEQUALED

For Horses and Cattle,

it should be used in any case where a Liniment is [illegible]

When we say it [illegible]

GERMAN

Medicine it is a sufficient proof of its value [illegible] Persons going through [illegible] should always supply [illegible] guarding against disease

READ THE FOLLOWING:

L

[From H F McLAUGHLIN Franklin House Bangor]

I have used it in my house and stable and can say that it is all it is recommended to be I [illegible] from all in need of such an article

I

[From J S INGRAHAM Druggist Bangor]

It sells well and gives our customers perfect satisfaction

N

[From JOHN ROSS Lumberman Bangor]

I find it is an excellent article equal to any I ever used

I

[From BROOD & ROWE Druggists Bangor]

It only needs to be used to be appreciated

M

[From CHARLES BROWN, Lumberman, Bangor

I gladly recommend it as the best I ever used, and sincerely hope it may meet an extensive sale

E

[From P. McDONOUGH, Bangor]

I had a great deal of trouble with my lungs at times they ached badly attended with a cough I also had trouble with my stomach I obtained some of Dr Hoffman's Celebrated German Liniment and it entirely cured me And I feel it a duty as well as a pleasure in giving my testimony

N

[From MRS N SMITH Bangor

I have used Dr. Hoffman's Celebrated German Liniment and have never been disappointed in its giving immediate relief, and I cheerfully recommend it to the public

T

For Sale by Druggists and Dealers Generally.

C. G. BLANCHARD, Proprietor,

Bangor, Maine.

Bangor, Feb. 15, 1871.

Maine Central Railroad

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS

Passenger trains leave Bangor at 7.30 A M for Portland, Boston, and all stations on this road, and on Dexter [illegible] and on the Portland and Kennebec [illegible] dall's Mills, connecting at [illegible] train for Belfast, and at [illegible] M for all intermediate stations connecting [illegible] Mills with train for Skowhegan [illegible] with train for Belfast [illegible] P M train to Augusta [illegible] A M train [illegible] at 8.35 A M [illegible]

[illegible]

EDWIN NOYES [illegible]

Bangor and Piscataquis Railroad

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

On and after MONDAY [illegible] run as follows

Leaving Bangor [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Returning [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Moosehead Lake [illegible]

[illegible] HAYFORD [illegible]

Bangor Aug [illegible] 18[illegible]

European and North American Railway

On and after WEDNESDAY [illegible] trains will run as follows—

[illegible]

[illegible] J M [illegible]

Bangor, May 17th 1869

International Steamship Co

EASTPORT CALAIS AND ST JOHN DIGBY WINDSOR AND HALIFAX

Spring Arrangement—Two Trips a Week

[illegible]

[illegible] A [illegible] STUBBS Agent

Cunard Line

OF MAIL STEAMERS

QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL

FROM BOSTON

[illegible]

FROM NEW YORK

[illegible]

80 State Street Boston

JAMES ALEXANDER Agent

[illegible]

MICHAEL [illegible]

Maine Steamship Company

New Arrangement.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE

On and after the 18th [illegible] the steamers DIRIGO and FRANCONIA will [illegible] as follows—

Leave Galt's Wharf Portland every Monday and Thursday at 5 [illegible] P M and leave Pier 38 East River New York every Monday and Thursday at [illegible] P M

The DIRIGO and FRANCONIA are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making [illegible] convenient and comfortable [illegible] between New York and Maine [illegible] State Room $5 Cabin passage $4 Meals extra

Goods forwarded to and from Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St John and all parts of Maine

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamers as early as 3 P M on the days they leave Portland

For freight or passage apply to

EMERY & FOX Galt's Wharf Portland

J F AMES Pier 38 East River

Portland May 15th 1869

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s

THROUGH LINE TO

California and China.

FARES GREATLY REDUCED

Steamers leave pier No 42 North river, foot of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon on the

15th, and 30th

except when these days fall on Sunday, then the day previous

[illegible] HENRY CHAUNCEY Capt [illegible] connecting with [illegible]

One hundred pounds of baggage allowed each adult Medicines and attendance free

All departures connect [illegible] for South Pacific and Central American ports [illegible]

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Steamer JAPAN, leaving San Francisco [illegible] 1871

For freight passage tickets and all further information apply at the office, on the wharf, foot of CANAL Street, North River, New York

F R BABY Agent

Or to C L BARTLETT & CO, New England Agents, 16 Broad Street Boston and [illegible] BLAKE Central St Bangor

June 28th 1869

For Boston!

The NEW and SUPERIOR Sea-Going Steamers,

John Brooks and Montreal

Having been fitted up at great expense with a large number of beautiful State Rooms will run [illegible] as follows

Leaving Atlantic Wharf Portland [illegible] India Wharf Boston every day at [illegible] (Sundays excepted)

[illegible]

[illegible] as usual

[illegible] BILLINGS Agent

September 1 1870

District Court of the United States District of Maine

IN BANKRUPTCY

In the matter of HENRY H SCRIBNER Bankrupt

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss

Upon the application of J S Wheelwright Assignee of the estate of Henry H Scribner Bankrupt it is ORDERED, that a third general meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt be held at Bangor in said District, on the second day of May, A D 1871, at [illegible] o'clock P M at the office of Chas Hamlin, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District for the purposes named in the twenty-eighth section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

And it is further ordered, that the Assignee give notice of said meeting by sending written or printed notices by mail, post-paid, of the time and place of said meeting to all known creditors of said Bankrupt and that he also notify the Bankrupt to be present thereat and he shall also publish notice of the time and place of said meeting on two different days in the newspaper called the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, printed at Bangor, at least [illegible] days prior to said meeting.

Witness the Honorable EDWARD FOX, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof, at Bangor in said District, on the 22d day of March A D 1871.

WM. P. PREBLE,

Clerk of District Court of said District.

Issued at Bangor, March 22, 1871.

mch25 CHAS. HAMLIN, Register.

BY JO

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